Regina Dec. 8 - 1958

30.24. 5477

A78

FIRST LEAD SEROV (150)

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

LONDON, DEC. 8 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION ANNOUNCED TONIGHT THE REMOVAL OF GEN. IVAN SEROV, TOP SECURITY CHIEF, WHO SERVED AS A SORT OF SUPER BODYGUARD AND ADVANCE AGENT FOR PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV ON HIS TRAVELS. SEROV WAS CHIEF OF INTELLIGENCE AND COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE.

MOSCOW RADIO SAID HE HAD BEEN ASSIGNED TO OTHER WORK BUT DIDN'T SAY WHAT. IN SOVIET PROCEDURE THIS USUALLY MEANS DEMOTION BUT NOT PURGING.

SEROV WAS A SPECIALIST IN SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS AND ON MASS DEPORTATIONS.

ONE OF HIS PREDECESSORS WAS LAVRENTY BERIA, WHO WAS STALIN'S HEAD HATCHETMAN FOR YEARS AND WHO WAS DECLARED A TRAITOR AND EXECUTED IN 1953 AFTER STALIN'S DEATH.

A MOSCOW BROADCAST SAID THE PRESIDIUM OF THE SUPREME SOVIET HAD RELEASED SEROV FROM HIS SECURITY JOB. ~~THE PRESIDIUM IS THE POLICY FORMING BODY OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE SOVIET UNION.~~

AN ARMY GENERAL, SEROV TOOK OVER THE TOP POLICE JOB IN APRIL 1954. HE WAS RENAMED LAST MARCH TO THE POST--OFFICIALLY THE CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE OF STATE SECURITY.

IN 1956 SEROV WAS PROMOTED FROM CANDIDATE MEMBER TO FULL MEMBERSHIP IN THE COMMUNIST PARTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE. HE HAS FOUR TIMES BEEN AWARDED THE ORDER OF LENIN.

IN HIS EARLIEST DAYS IN THE SOVIET STATE APPARATUS HE WAS AN ASSOCIATE OF GEORGI MALENKOV, WHO SUCCEEDED STALIN AS PREMIER AND WHOM KHRUSHCHEV SENT INTO OBSCURITY LAST YEAR.

A PUDGY UKRAINIAN, SEROV WAS KNOWN AS THE "DEPORTATION OFFICER" FOR HIS SUPERVISION OF THE SHIPMENT OF THOUSANDS OF PERSONS TO SIBERIAN AND ARCTIC LABOR CAMPS.

THE COMMITTEE FOR STATE SECURITY, KNOWN IN RUSSIA BY ITS INITIALS KGB, TOOK OVER MOST OF THE SECRET POLICE DUTIES OF THE DREAD MVD DURING THE PURGE OF THE POLICE FORCES AFTER BERIA'S DOWNFALL.

IN MARCH 1956 SEROV VISITED BRITAIN TO COORDINATE SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS FOR A VISIT BY THEN PREMIER NIKOLAI BULGANIN AND COMMUNIST PARTY CHIEF KHRUSHCHEV. THE BRITISH PRESS GAVE HIM A SCATHING RECEPTION, ASSAILING HIM IN SUCH TERMS AS "BUTCHER" "MURDERER", "ODIOUS THUG" AND "JACKAL."

THE MOSCOW BROADCAST ON HIS REMOVAL SAID:

"MOSCOW NEWSPAPER REPORT OFFICIALLY THAT THE U.S.S.R. SUPREME SOVIET PRESIDIUM HAS RELEASED ARMY GEN. IVAN SEROV FROM HIS DUTIES AS CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE OF STATE SECURITY ATTACHED TO THE U.S.S.R. COUNCIL OF MINISTERS, IN CONNECTION WITH HIS TAKING UP OTHER WORK."

THERE WAS NO WORD ON WHAT OTHER WORK MIGHT BE IN STORE FOR SEROV, BUT THAT WORDING OFTEN IS USED BY THE SOVIETS TO COVER UP DEMOTIONS. HE IS 53.

SEROV PLAYED AN ACTIVE ROLE IN MANY OF THE PURGES OF STALIN'S DAY. HE ENLISTED IN THE RED ARMY IN 1923 AND BEGAN HIS SECRET POLICE WORK IN THE 1930S.

HIS CAREER MET UP WITH KHRUSHCHEV'S IN THE UKRAINE IN THE EARLY YEARS OF WORLD WAR II. KHRUSHCHEV WAS PARTY SECRETARY, SEROV HIS SECRET POLICE CHIEF.

AS THE WAR ENDED SEROV TOOK OVER DIRECTION OF THE MASS DEPORTATIONS OF SOVIET CITIZENS FROM RUSSIA'S WESTERN AREAS. HE WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR UPROOTING HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF POLES, UKRAINIANS AND RUSSIANS AND SENDING THEM TO LABOR CAMP AREAS.

HE HAD EXPERIENCE IN SUCH WORK. AS A COMMISAR THIRD CLASS, HE FORMULATED THE PLAN FOR MASS DEPORTATIONS FROM THE BALTIC STATES OF LITHUANIA, ESTONIA AND LATVIA WHEN THE SOVIETS OVERRAN THEM IN 1939-40.

IN OCTOBER AND NOVEMBER 1956 HE FREQUENTLY WAS REPORTED IN BUDAPEST SUPERVISING SOVIET MEASURES TO PUT DOWN THE HUNGARIAN REVOLT.

JF708PES

A84

WITH LONDON SEROV

MOSCOW, TUESDAY, DEC. 9 (AP)-A SINGLE PARAGRAPH ON THE BACK PAGE OF THE NEWSPAPER IZVESTIA TODAY ANNOUNCED THE SUPREME SOVIET HAD RELEASED GEN. IVAN SEROV AS SECURITY CHIEF. IT SAID HE WAS RELEASED IN CONNECTION WITH HIS TRANSFER TO OTHER DUTIES, BUT GAVE NO INDICATION OF HIS NEW JOB OR HIS SUCCESSOR.

SF754PES

1958

A107

UNDATED SEROV (480)

BY THOMAS P. WHITNEY

AP FOREIGN NEWS ANALYST

THE REMOVAL OF ARMY GEN. IVAN SEROV FROM HIS POST AS SOVIET SECURITY CHIEF MAY HINT AT TROUBLES IN THE SOVIET LEADERSHIP.

SEROV WAS IN CHARGE OF SOVIET INTELLIGENCE AND COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE BOTH INSIDE AND OUTSIDE RUSSIA AND RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SAFETY AND LIVES OF SOVIET BIGWIGS. HE WAS NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV'S PERSONAL NOMINEE TO SUCCEED TO A PART OF THE ENORMOUS POWERS ONCE POSSESSED BY THE EXECUTED LAVRENTY BERIA, STALIN'S POLICE CHIEF.

SEROV WAS CLOSE TO KHRUSHCHEV AND TRUSTEE BY KHRUSHCHEV. FREQUENTLY HE HIMSELF ACTED AS KHRUSHCHEV'S BODYGUARD--FOR EXAMPLE DURING THE RUSSIAN LEADER'S TOURS OF INDIA AND BURMA IN 1955 AND FINLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA IN 1957.

IT HAS BEEN REPORTED THAT SEROV WAS USED BY KHRUSHCHEV AGAINST HIS POLITICAL ENEMIES IN THE KREMLIN. ONE SOURCE WITH ACCESS TO HIGH-RANKING RUSSIANS HAS REPORTED THAT IN JUNE 1957 -- WHEN V.M. MOLOTOV, GEORGI MALENKOV AND OTHER KHRUSHCHEV OPPONENTS NEARLY SUCCEEDED IN OUSTING KHRUSHCHEV FROM THE LEADERSHIP--IT WAS SEROV ALONG WITH SEVERAL OTHERS SUMMONED SUMMONED THE PARTY'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE INTO EXTRAORDINARY SESSION TO SAVE KHRUSHCHEV.

THE ASSOCIATION BETWEEN KHRUSHCHEV AND SEROV EVIDENTLY BEGAN IN THE UKRAINE. NEITHER IS A UKRAINIAN BUT IN THE LATE THIRTIES BOTH OCCUPIED KEY POSTS IN THIS LARGE SOUTHERN REPUBLIC OF THE U.S.S.R. KHRUSHCHEV WAS COMMUNIST PARTY CHIEFTAIN AND SEROV WAS MINISTER OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS--POLICE AND SECRET POLICE CHIEF. SEROV WAS A REPRESENTATIVE OF BERIA BUT EVIDENTLY HE MANAGED TO GET ALONG WELL WITH KHRUSHCHEV AND EARN HIS TRUST.

THUS IT WAS THAT IN JUNE 1953 WHEN BERIA WAS REMOVED FROM OFFICE BY THE OTHER PARTY LEADERS AND LATER EXECUTED, KHRUSHCHEV FELT HE COULD DEPEND ON SEROV TO ASSIST IN LIQUIDATING BERIA'S MACHINE AND KEEPING THE POLICE UNDER CONTROL.

SEROV WAS IMMEDIATELY NAMED IN JULY 1953 A FIRST DEPUTY MINISTER OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS UNDER MINISTER OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS SERGEI KRUGLOV, WHO WAS LATER REMOVED. AND THEN IN 1954 HE BECAME CHAIRMAN OF THE NEW COMMITTEE ON STATE SECURITY WHICH WAS RESPONSIBLE DIRECTLY TO KHRUSHCHEV IN MATTERS OF INTELLIGENCE, COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE AND THE SECURITY OF SOVIET LEADERS.

THE LONG AND CLOSE ASSOCIATION BETWEEN KHRUSHCHEV AND SEROV RAISES THE QUESTION OF WHY SEROV NOW HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM THE SECURITY POST.

SEROV HAS BEEN ONE OF THE KEYSTONES OF KHRUSHCHEV'S POWER. HIS DISMISSAL AT THE PRESENT MOMENT COULD INDICATE EITHER THAT KHRUSHCHEV'S POSITION HAS BEEN SERIOUSLY WEAKENED OR ELSE THAT KHRUSHCHEV HIMSELF CAME TO MISTRUST SEROV AND DECIDED TO REPLACE

1958

HIM WITH SOMEONE HE NOW CONSIDERS MORE REALIABLE.
THE OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT SAID SEROV HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED TO OTHER WORK. THIS IS AN OBVIOUS EFFORT TO PORTRAY THE CHANGE TO RUSSIANS AS SOMETHING OTHER THAN A PURGE. BUT WHATEVER NEW JOB SEROV NOW WILL RECEIVE IT IS UNLIKELY TO BE IN ANY DEGREE AS IMPORTANT AS HIS PREVIOUS ONE.
THE OFFICIAL SOVIET ANNOUNCEMENT LEAVES UP IN THE AIR THE QUESTION OF WHO WILL REPLACE SEROV AS SECURITY CHIEF. NORMALLY SOVIET ANNOUNCEMENTS OF CHANGES IN HIGH GOVERNMENT POSTS REPORT THE NEW INCUMBENT AT THE SAME TIME AS THEY REVEAL THE DISMISSAL OF THE PREVIOUS OFFICIAL. THIS ONE DID NOT.
UK930PES
B27 (Q) (300)

1958

-17-
PRECEDE SWAFFHAM DAY
LONDON, DEC. 8 (AP)-THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT WARNED TODAY THAT PACIFISTS TRYING TO GATECRASH SECRET ROCKET BASES RISK ARREST.
THE WARNING CAME DURING A HOUSE OF COMMONS DEBATE ON THE WEEKEND RUMPUS AT A BSE BEING BUILT FOR AMERICAN-SUPPLIED THOR MISSILES NEAR SWAFFHAM, EASTERN ENGLAND.
MEN AND WOMEN DEMONSTRATORS BARGED INTO THE BASE ACROSS A BARBED WIRE BARRICADE AND TRIED TO HOLD UP CONSTRUCTION WORK. THEY WERE TOSSED OUT AFTER A MUDDY SCUFFLE WITH MILITARY AND CIVILIAN POLICE.
SOME LABORITE LEGISLATORS ACCUSED THE POLICE OF USING UNNECESSARY FORCE AFTER SOME WOMEN DEMONSTRATORS COMPLAINED THEY WERE DRAGGED BY THE HAIR WHILE LYING DOWN IN FRONT OF TRUCKS. OTHERS SAID THEY WERE HURLED INTO A TRENCH OF MUD AND CONCRETE.
AIR MINISTER GEORGE WARD EXPRESSED BELIEF THE POLICE HAD USED MINIMUM FORCE NECESSARY IN EXPELLING THE DEMONSTRATORS WHO, HE SAID, HAD OFFERED VIOLENT RESISTANCE.
WARD, IN NOTING NO ARRESTS WERE MADE, SAID "I AM CONSIDERING WHETHER OR NOT ANY ACTION SHOULD BE TAKEN REGARDING PROSECUTION. I THINK THAT IF SIMILAR DEMONSTRATIONS TAKE PLACE WE SHALL HAVE TO TAKE SOME ACTION."
WARD SAID THE GOVERNMENT WILL NOT LET THE DISTURBANCES AFFECT ITS PLANS TO GO AHEAD WITH THE MISSILE SITES, WHOSE LOCATIONS HAVE NEVER BEEN OFFICIALLY LISTED.
THE DEMONSTRATORS DESCRIBED THEMSELVES AS MEMBERS OF AN ORGANIZATION KNOWN AS "THE DIRECT ACTION COMMITTEE AGAINST NUCLEAR WAR."
LABORITE REGINALD PAGET SIAD THE FACT THAT THEY FOUND THEIR WAY TO A BASE SUPPOSED TO BE SECRET PROVED THE MISSILE SITES WERE WELL KNOWN AND ASKED:
"WHAT IN THE WORLD IS THE USE OF A DETERRENT WHICH CAN BE KNOCKED OUT BEFORE IT CAN POSSIBLY GO OFF UNLESS WE ARE TO BE THE AGGRESSOR?"
THE LEADER OF THE DEMONSTRATORS, MISS PAT ARROWSMITH, SAID TONIGHT SHE REALIZED THEY MIGHT HAVE BEEN ARRESTED IN THE WEEKEND INCIDENTS.
"I DO NOT THINK THIS WILL DETER US FROM ANY ACTION IN THE FUTURE," SHE ADDED.
KS455PES
A43 (380)

1958

NIGHT LEAD TALKS
BY TOM OCHILTREE
GENEVA, DEC. 8 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN OBTAINED RUSSIA'S PROMISE TONIGHT TO COOPERATE WITH AN INTERNATIONAL CONTROL SYSTEM TO POLICE A BAN ON NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS.
ALL THREE POWERS APPROVED THE SECOND ARTICLE OF A DRAFT TREATY CALLING FOR SETTING UP A CONTROL ORGANIZATION AND SPECIFYING THE OBLIGATION TO COOPERATE WITH THAT BODY.
BUT THE COMMITMENT WAS IN GENERAL TERMS. THE CONTROL ARRANGEMENTS THEMSELVES HAVE STILL TO BE DEFINED.
THERE THE NEXT DIFFERENCE OF VIEWS BETWEEN EAST AND WEST ALREADY IS DEVELOPING. DURING TODAY'S 3 1/2-HOUR CONFERENCE SESSION, THE RUSSIANS INTRODUCED A LONG DEFINITION OF THEIR IDEAS ON CONTROLS--IDEAS WHICH INCLUDE SUCH PROVISIONS AS VETO RIGHTS AND OTHER CONCEPTS UNACCEPTABLE TO THE WESTERN POWERS.
THE THREE POWERS NOW HAVE APPROVED THE FIRST TWO ARTICLES OF A TREATY BUT STILL FACE THE HARD TASK OF GAINING EAST-WEST AGREEMENT ON ACTUAL OPERATION OF A CONTROL SETUP.
AS APPROVED, THE SECOND ARTICLE REPRESENTED ESSENTIALLY A COMBINATION OF PROPOSALS ADVANCED BY U. S. AMBASSADOR JAMES J. WADSWORTH AND BRITISH MINISTER OF STATE DAVID ORMSBY-GORE, CONFERENCE SOURCES SAID.
BUT THE SOVIET'S DOCUMENT ON CONTROLS CONFIRMED WESTERN VIEWS THAT THE SOVIET UNION IS MILES AWAY FROM THE U. S. AND BRITISH POSITION ON THIS SUBJECT. INCLUDED IN THE SOVIET PAPER WAS THE "BUILT IN VETO" THAT WOULD ALLOW RUSSIAN AUTHORITIES TO INTERFERE WITH THE ACTIVITIES OF THE CONTROL ORGANIZATION AT ALL LEVELS.
THE RUSSIANS AVOIDED MEETING THE WESTERN DEMAND THAT THE PROPOSED 180 OBSERVATION POSTS SCATTERED ABOUT THE GLOBE AND THE MOBILE INSPECTION TEAMS SHOULD BE ALLOWED THE RIGHT TO MAKE COMPLETELY OBJECTIVE INVESTIGATIONS AND INSPECTIONS OF SUSPICIOUS EARTH TREMORS.
BEFORE FINAL AGREEMENT CAN BE REACHED AT THIS CONFERENCE, THE RUSSIANS MUST AGREE TO OPEN THEIR LARGE AND SECRET LAND TO SUCH COMPLETE INSPECTION AS THE WESTERN POWERS ARE WILLING TO DO.
THE FIRST TREATY ARTICLE WAS APPROVED SATURDAY. IT CONTAINED AN OBLIGATION TO SUSPEND NUCLEAR TESTS AND OPENED THE TREATY TO SIGNATURE BY ALL COUNTRIES IN THE WORLD.
NEITHER OF THESE ARTICLES HAS ANY VALIDITY AS IT STANDS. THE OBLIGATIONS CONTAINED IN THEM ONLY BECOME VALID WHEN A COMPLETE TREATY IS AGREED UPON AND RATIFIED.
WHILE THE NUCLEAR TALKS MADE CAREFUL PROGRESS, A COMPANION CONFERENCE ON PREVENTION OF SURPRISE ATTACK REACHED A DEAD END.

1958

CHIEF AMERICAN DELEGATE WILLIAM C.FOSTER AND SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VASSILI KUZNETSOV DEFINED THE CONFLICTING EAST-WEST POSITIONS IN SUCH A WAY THAT VIRTUALLY NO PROSPECT REMAINED OF FRUITFUL NEGOTIATIONS IN THESE 10-NATION TALKS,

FOSTER SAID THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, ITALY AND CANADA FELT IT WAS USELESS TO TRY AND PRESENT TECHNICAL PAPERS IF THE EASTERN COUNTRIES CONTINUED TO REFUSE TO TAKE PART IN SUCH STUDIES.

KUZNETSOV REPLIED THAT THE SOVIET UNION, POLAND, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, ROMANIA AND ALBANIA REGARDED THE WESTERN PROPOSALS AS INADEQUATE HE CALLED AGAIN FOR GENERAL DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS, SOMETHING THE WESTERN DELEGATES SAY THE CONFERENCE IS NOT COMPETENT TO UNDERTAKE.

THE PARTICIPATING POWERS SHOWED NO IMMEDIATE INCLINATION, HOWEVER,

TO BREAK OFF THE NEGOTIATIONS WHICH BEGAN NOV.10 AND ORIGINALLY WERE SCHEDULED TO RUN FIVE WEEKS.

LS410PES

1958

A7 (500)

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD BERLIN

BY SEYMOUR TOPPING

BERLIN, DEC. 8 (AP)-THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS, STUNNED BY THEIR CRUSHING DEFEAT IN THE WEST BERLIN ELECTIONS, REFUSED TODAY TO LET GO OF THE SOVIET FREE CITY PROPOSAL.

PREMIER OTTO GROTEWOHL FEEBLY ECHOED MOSCOW'S ASSERTION THAT THE MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS "HAVE NOTHING TO DO" WITH THE SOVIET BID TO TURN WEST BERLIN INTO A NEUTRAL DEMILITARIZED CITY.

PRIOR TO YESTERDAY'S ELECTIONS--IN WHICH THE REDS AGAIN FAILED TO SEAT A SINGLE CANDIDATE IN THE 133-SEAT CITY PARLIAMENT--THE COMMUNISTS URGED WEST BERLINERS TO SUPPORT THE SOVIET PROPOSAL WITH THEIR VOTES.

GROTEWOHL, 64 AND AILING, TOLD HIS PARLIAMENT U.S., BRITISH AND FRENCH TROOPS LEGALLY WERE OBLIGATED TO GET OUT OF WEST BERLIN. BUT SHOWING LITTLE CONVICTION THAT THE ALLIES WOULD COMPLY, GROTEWOHL ADDED THAT HE WAS READY FOR NEGOTIATIONS ON PENDING QUESTIONS AFFECTING THE WESTERN GARRISONS.

IT WAS A CLEAR INVITATION FOR TALKS AND WESTERN RECOGNITION OF HIS REGIME WHEN THE SOVIET SIX MONTHS ULTIMATUM FOR ACCEPTANCE OF THE FREE CITY PROPOSAL RUNS OUT. THEN THE RUSSIANS SAY THEY WILL TRANSFER TO THE EAST GERMANS THEIR CONTROLS OVER ALLIED AIR, RAIL AND HIGHWAY LIFELINES TO WEST BERLIN.

WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER'S GOVERNMENT APPEARED DETERMINED TO PRESS THE WESTERN BIG THREE FOR AN UNCOMPROMISING REJECTION OF THE SOVIET PROPOSAL. A HIGHLY PLACED BONN INFORMANT SAID THE ADENAUER GOVERNMENT BELIEVES THE SOVIET ULTIMATUM SHOULD BE TURNED DOWN COLD.

THE WEST WOULD BE OPERATING "FROM THE WORST POSITION POSSIBLE," HE ADDED, IF IT REPLIED TO THE SOVIET NOTE WITH A COUNTER-PROPOSAL FOR AN EAST-WEST CONFERENCE ON SECURITY IN GERMANY AND CENTRAL EUROPE.

EAST-WEST TALKS ABOUT BERLIN, GERMANY AND CENTRAL EUROPE SHOULD BE HELD IN THE FUTURE, THE INFORMANT SAID, "BUT NOT NOW, NOT UNDER THE PRESSURE OF AN ULTIMATUM."

THE WEST GERMANS THUS SEEMED TO BE ADOPTING A TOUGHER ATTITUDE TOWARD THE RUSSIAN PROPOSALS THAN THE WESTERN BIG THREE. THE BRITISH--WITH SOME AMERICAN AND FRENCH BACKING--HAVE BEEN ADVOCATING USING THE RUSSIAN NOTE ON BERLIN FOR A COUNTER-PROPOSAL THAT WOULD SET UP A HIGH LEVEL CONFERENCE ON DIVIDED GERMANY AND EUROPEAN SECURITY.

THE BONN REPUBLIC AND THE WESTERN POWERS WILL TRY TO THRESH OUT THEIR DIFFERENCES WHEN THEY MEET NEXT WEEK IN PARIS AT THE ATLANTIC PACT FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE.

ADENAUER'S PRESS CHIEF, FELIX VON ECKARDT, TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE WILLY BRANDT, LORD MAYOR OF WEST BERLIN, WILL BE IN PARIS AT THE TIME OF THE MEETING.

BRANDT IS THE ARDENTLY ANTI-COMMUNIST YOUNG SCRAPPER WHO LED HIS SOCIALIST PARTY TO VICTORY.

COMMUNIST OFFICIALS IN EAST BERLIN PRIVATELY EXPRESSED SHOCK AT THE OUTCOME OF THE WEST BERLIN ELECTIONS. THE COMMUNIST PRESS SAID THE WHOLE THING WAS A FARCE AND A FRAUD, THAT TERROR AT THE POLLS WAS AT THE ROOT OF THE VOTE. BUT THE COLD, HARD FACT WAS THAT THE REDS HAD ANTICIPATED THE SOCIALISTS WOULD SWEEP TO VICTORY WITH THE CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS RUNNING SECOND. BUT THEY HAD EXPECTED TO GARNER MORE THAN A PALTRY 1.9 PER CENT OF THE VOTE. IN 1954, WITH A MUCH MORE MODEST

CAMPAIGN DRIVE, THEY GOT 2.7 PER CENT. UNDER THE WEST BERLIN ELECTION LAW AT LEAST 5 PER CENT IS REQUIRED TO SEAT A CANDIDATE.

THE SOCIALISTS WON 78 SEATS IN THE NEW PARLIAMENT AND THE CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS 55.

P/WW235PES

A166WX (TORRE & STATE DEPT)

BERLIN-ELECTIONS

WASHINGTON, DEC. 8 (AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID TODAY THAT THE WEST BERLIN ELECTIONS "OFFER A CLEAR ANSWER TO THE QUESTION WHETHER PEOPLE OF FREE BERLIN DESIRE ANY CHANGE IN THE PRESENT STATUS OF THEIR CITY."

STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE SAID THE DECISIVE DEFEAT OF THE COMMUNISTS "SHOULD GIVE SOME IDEAS AS TO THE AMOUNT OF TRUST PEOPLE OF WEST BERLIN ARE WILLING TO PLACE IN SOVIET PROPOSALS REGARDING THEIR FUTURE."

WHITE STRESSED THAT THE COMMUNIST SOCIAL UNITY PARTY OF WEST BERLIN WAS ALLOWED TO CAMPAIGN FREELY. THIS, HE SAID, "PROVIDES A SHARP CONTRAST TO THE TRAVESTY OF DEMOCRATIC PROCESS WHICH RECENTLY TOOK PLACE IN THE SOVIET SECTOR OF BERLIN."

HY115P123PES

A14 (500)

PERSONALITY IN THE NEWS (WITH BUDGET)

REINHOLD ENSZ

BERLIN, DEC. 8 (AP)-WILLY BRANDT, THE TWO-FISTED SOCIALIST MAYOR OF WEST BERLIN, HATES COMMUNISM--AND HIS CITIZENS LOVE HIM FOR IT.

FAITHFUL TO THEIR 44-YEAR-OLD MAYOR, THE WEST BERLINERS IN SUNDAY'S ELECTION GAVE THE REDS THIEIR WORST WALLOPING AND THE SOCIALISTS THEIR BIGGEST MAJORITY.

"WE WILL NEVER BOW TO COMMUNISM," DECLARED BRANDT, KEYNOTING HIS ADMINISTRATION'S POLICY FOR THE NEXT FOUR YEARS.

THEN THE 190-POUND DYNAMO BOLTED OUT OF ELECTION HEADQUARTERS AND GOT BUSY TELLING POLITICIANS AND ORDINARY FOLK HOW TO STEEL THEMSELVES FOR THE COLD WAR BATTLE WITH THE REDS.

"BRANDT IS JUST THE MAN WE NEED FOR THE TROUBLES AHEAD."

THAT'S NOT A SOCIALIST SUPPORTER TALKING. IT'S A MEMBER OF THE OPPOSITION CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS, DEPUTY MAYOR FRANZ AMREHN, WHO ADDS:

"THE CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS WILL HELP HIM NO MATTER IF WE ARE IN OPPOSITION OR IN COALITION."

IN THE EYES OF MANY WEST BERLINERS, BRANDT HAS TAKEN ON THE HEROIC STATURE OF ERNST REUTER, SOCIALIST MAYOR WHO BROUGHT WEST BERLIN THROUGH THE RUSSIAN BLOCKADE OF 1948-49.

WITH HIS YOUTH, FORCEFUL PERSONALITY AND POPULARITY, MANY POLITICIANS ARE BEGINNING TO EYE BRANDT AS A POSSIBLE SUCCESSOR TO CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER--IF WEST GERMANY GOES SOCIALIST.

BRANDT IS NO PARLOR PINK MARXIST. FRIENDS AND ENEMIES KNOW HIM AS A HARD-HEADED REALIST. DESPITE HIS SOCIALIST BELIEFS, THE MAYOR IS ONE OF THE FIRST TO CREDIT FREE ENTERPRISE AS THE KEY FACTOR IN RESTORING WEST BERLIN AS A SYMBOL OF FREEDOM.

BRANDT HAS MADE SOME NEUTRALIST SOCIALISTS UNHAPPY BY SHOWING APPRECIATION FOR WEST GERMANY'S MEMBERSHIP IN THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE.

BRANDT, BORN DEC. 18, 1913, THE SON OF A POOR WORKER IN THE BALTIC PORT CITY OF LUEBECK, STARTED HATING AND BATTLING TOTALITARIANISM AT THE AGE OF 17. AS A YOUNG SOCIALIST STALWART, HE SLUGGED IT OUT WITH NAZI TOUGHS IN STREET FIGHTING.

WITH HITLER FIRMLY IN POWER, BRANDT SKIPPED OUT ONE HOP AHEAD OF THE GESTAPO AND WENT TO NORWAY ABOARD A FISHING VESSEL.

CONTROVERSY SWIRLS AROUND HIS WORLD WAR II RECORD. POLITICAL FOES ACCUSE HIM OF FIGHTING WITH THE NORWEGIAN ARMY AGAINST THE GERMAN INVASION. BRANDT ADMITS TO RED CROSS WORK, BUT DENIES TAKING UP ARMS AGAINST HIS COUNTRYMEN.

WHILE STUDYING AT THE UNIVERSITY OF OSLO AND WORKING AS A JOURNALIST, THE YOUNG EXILE DROPPED HIS REAL NAME, HERBERT FRAHM, AND BECAME WILLY BRANDT. HE TOOK ON NORWEGIAN CITIZENSHIP. AFTER GERMANY SURRENDERED, BRANDT RETURNED TO BERLIN TO BECOME PRESS ATTACHE IN THE NORWEGIAN MILITARY MISSION.

HIS METEORIC ASCENT TO POLITICAL POWER BEGAN SOON AFTER HE READOPTED GERMAN CITIZENSHIP IN 1947. HE WON A SEAT IN THE WEST GERMAN PARLIAMENT AND BOUNCED INTO WEST BERLIN POLITICS AS A CITY LEGISLATOR.

IN 1948, BRANDT MARRIED RUT (CORRECT) HANSEN, A SLIM BEAUTIFUL NORWEGIAN BORN GIRL HE HAD COURTED IN SCANDINAVIA. THE BRANDTS LIVE QUIETLY IN A TWO-FAMILY SUBURBAN HOUSE WITH TWO SONS, PETER 11, AND LARS, 7.

NORWEGIAN IS SPOKEN OFTEN IN THE HOME. THE FURNISHINGS, IN PLEASANT PASTEL SHADES, REFLECT THE SCANDINAVIAN INFLUENCE.

"I SEE VERY LITTLE OF WILLY THESE DAYS," SAYS MRS. BRANDT WISTFULLY. OBVIOUSLY, THE COMMUNISTS WISH THEY COULD SAY THE SAME.

WW316PES

1958

A9

BERLIN, DEC. 8 (AP)-THE EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN ANNOUNCED TONIGHT THAT PRIME MINISTER OTTO GROTEWOHL, BECAUSE OF A COLD, WILL NOT LEAD THE GOBERNMENT-PARTY DELEGATION WHICH LEAVES TOMORROW ON A FIVE-DAY VISIT TO POLAND. PARTY BOSS WALTER ULBRICHT IS TO GO IN HIS PLACE.

WW241PES

1958

S82 (190)

BONN, GERMANY, DEC. 8 (AP)-THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT SAID TODAY IT HAS DISPATCHED NOTES TO EIGHT EUROPEAN COUNTRIES PROPOSING METHODS OF PAYING RESTITUTION TO VICTIMS OF NAZI OPPRESSION.

1958

THE FOREIGN OFFICE DECLINED TO DISCLOSE DETAILS OF THE NOTES, BUT THE ANNOUNCEMENT CALLED ATTENTION TO "LIMITED POSSIBILITIES" OF MEETING ALL DEMANDS FOR RESTITUTION.

INFORMANTS SAID THE LIMITATIONS WERE BOTH FINANCIAL AND LEGAL. ONE SOURCE SAID "IT WOULD BE PHYSICALLY IMPOSSIBLE FOR US TO PAY RESTITUTION TO EVERYONE WHO SUFFERED UNDER NAZI OCCUPATION, MUCH AS WE WOULD LIKE TO DO SO."

THE NOTES WENT TO BRITAIN, FRANCE, BELGIUM, NORWAY, DENMARK, HOLLAND, LUXEMBOURG AND GREECE.

THREE OTHER COUNTRIES, ITALY, SWITZERLAND AND AUSTRIA, HAVE PUT IN CLAIMS FOR RESTITUTION. SPECIAL MESSAGES ARE EXPECTED TO BE SENT TO THEM.

ALL 11 NATIONS HAVE BEEN HAMMERING AWAY FOR MONTHS IN AN EFFORT TO COLLECT RESTITUTION FOR THEIR CITIZENS WHO WERE ILLTREATED DURING NAZI OCCUPATION OR SENT TO CONCENTRATION CAMPS.

THE CONFERENCE ON JEWISH MATERIAL CLAIMS HAS REPORTED THAT AT THE END OF 1957 THERE WERE 1,340,000 CLAIMS PENDING. THE CONFERENCE EXAMINES CLAIMS NOT ONLY OF JEWISH VICTIMS BUT ALL OTHER PERSONS PERSECUTED. SOME GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS HAVE SAID TOTAL CLAIMS BY FOREIGN VICTIMS AND GERMANS MIGHT RUN TO NEARLY SEVEN BILLION DOLLARS.

P130PES

S65 (120)

BONN, GERMANY, DEC. 8 (AP)-CHANCELLOR ADENAUER PROBABLY WILL FLY TO LONDON FRIDAY FOR TALKS WITH PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN ON THE PROPOSED FREE TRADE AREA, INFORMED SOURCES SAID TODAY.

THERE WAS A SLIGHT CHANCE, HOWEVER, THAT CHANCELLOR WOULD NOT MAKE TRIP. HE IS RESTING AT HIS HOME, RECOVERING FROM A SLIGHT COLD CAUGHT IN BERLIN LAST WEEK.

1958

INFORMANTS SAID IF ADENAUER FEELS PHYSICALLY FIT HE WILL MAKE THE TRIP JUST FIVE DAYS BEFORE THE START OF THE NATO MINISTERIAL COUNCIL MEETING IN PARIS.

PRESUMABLY THE TRIP WAS ARRANGED BY ADENAUER'S ECONOMICS MINISTER LUDWIG ERHARD WHO WAS IN LONDON LAST WEEK TO TRY TO PATCH UP DIFFERENCES WITH THE BRITISH OVER THE FREE TRADE PLAN.

ALTHOUGH NO ONE WOULD SAY SO, IT WAS EXPECTED HERE THAT ADENAUER AND MACMILLAN WOULD ALSO DISCUSS THE BERLIN CRISIS.

THE BRITISH EMBASSY SAID "ADENAUER IS ALWAYS WELCOME IN ENGLAND" AND CONFIRMED THE PLANNED VISIT WAS ARRANGED AT THE CHANCELLOR'S REQUEST.

AS791PES

S66

BONN, DEC. 8 (AP)-FRANZ VON PAPEN, ONCE A SPECIAL AMBASSADOR FOR ADOLF HITLER, HAS PUT IN A BID FOR A PENSION FROM THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT.

AT HIS ESTATE JUST OUTSIDE BADEN-BADEN, VON PAPEN TOLD A REPORTER:

"I DEMAND THE SAME PENSION AS ANY CITIZEN OF ANY COUNTRY, INCLUDING THE UNITED STATES, FOR 25 YEARS OF SERVICE TO HIS COUNTRY AS A SOLDIER AND AS AN OFFICIAL."

1958

VON PAPEN, NOW 79, WAS CHANCELLOR JUST BEFORE HITLER TOOK CHARGE IN 1933. AFTER HITLER'S ASSUMPTION OF POWER, VON PAPEN BECAME VICE CHANCELLOR, LATER HOLDING AMBASSADORIAL POSTS IN TURKEY AND AUSTRIA.

IN THE INTERVENING YEARS MANY HAVE ACCUSED VON PAPEN, THEN A LEADER OF THE CATHOLIC CENTER PARTY, OF HELPING TO PAVE THE WAY FOR HITLER TO COME TO POWER.

VON PAPEN WAS TRIED ON WAR CRIMES CHARGES AT NUERNBERG BUT ACQUITTED. A DENAZIFICATION COURT, HOWEVER, SENTENCED HIM TO PRISON AND STRIPPED HIM OF HIS CIVIL RIGHTS. THAT SENTENCE WAS SUSPENDED AND CIVIL RIGHTS WERE RESTORED. HE NOW LIVES IN RETIREMENT WITH HIS WIFE AND TWO DAUGHTERS, DEVOTING MOST OF HIS TIME TO WRITING.

AS7qaPES

B33 (170)

17

HELSINKI, DEC.8 (AP)-FINLAND'S RELATIONS WITH RUSSIA WERE AT A CHILLY STAND-OFF TODAY WHILE PRESIDENT URHO KEKKONEN SOUGHT A NEW GOVERNMENT TO REPLACE THE ONE THAT FELL UNDER SOVIET PRESSURE FOUR DAYS AGO.

1958

THE COMMUNISTS, WHO HAVE NOT BEEN INCLUDED IN A FINNISH CABINET SINCE 1948, WERE MAKING STRONG BID FOR REPRESENTATION. THE REDS ARE THE BIGGEST SINGLE PARTY IN FINLAND, WITH 50 SEATS IN THE 200-MEMBER PARLIAMENT.

PRESIDENT KEKKONEN ASSIGNED DR. V.J. SUKSELAINEN, SPEAKER OF PARLIAMENT, TO SOUND OUT POLITICAL LEADERS ON THE BEST WAY OF DEALING WITH THE WORSENING RELATIONS WITH THE SOVIET UNION.

INCREASED SOVIET ECONOMIC PRESSURE LED FOUR AGRARIAN MINISTERS TO QUIT DEC.4, BRINGING DOWN THE COALITION GOVERNMENT OF SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC PRIME MINISTER AUGUST FAGERHOLM.

30.24- 5481

LEADERS OF THE AGRARIAN PARTY, WHICH HOLDS 48 SEATS IN PARLIAMENT, MET TODAY AND URGED A NEW GOVERNMENT "WELL SUITED TO HANDLE THE FOREIGN POLICY PROBLEMS OF OUR COUNTRY."

FINLAND'S FOREIGN POLICY RESTS MAINLY ON GETTING ALONG WITH THE RUSSIANS, WHO CAN EXPERT A TREMENDOUS ECONOMIC SQUEEZE ON THEIR TINY NEIGHBOR.

JA540PES

A136

VALLETTA, MALTA, DEC. 8 (AP)-U.S. NAVAL FORCES WHICH CAME HERE IN MAY DURING THE MIDDLE EAST CRISIS ARE LEAVING FOR A NEW BASE IN SIGONELLA, SICILY.

VICE ADM. CLARENCE E. EKSTROM, NEW COMMANDER OF THE U.S. 6TH FLEET, TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE TODAY ABOARD THE CRUISER DES MOINES THAT FACILITIES ARE GREATER AT THE SICILIAN BASE.

1958

RK1142AES

AP68

NIGHT LEAD ECONOMIC (400)

BY WILTON WYNN

CAIRO, DEC. 8 (AP)-SOVIET PARTICIPATION IN THE ASIAN-AFRICAN ECONOMIC CONFERENCES DREW A STRONG PROTEST TODAY FROM THE CHIEF OF THE INDONESIAN DELEGATION.

THE INDONESIAN, NAMED SOEBEHAN (NO FIRST NAME) ISSUED A STATEMENT TO NEWSMEN DECLARING HIS DELEGATION OPPOSES SOVIET PARTICIPATION IN THE 40-NATION TALKS BECAUSE THE SOVIET UNION IS "NOT AN ASIAN OR AFRICAN COUNTRY."

1958

(ALMOST 80 PER CENT OF THE SOVIET UNION'S 200 MILLION PEOPLE LIVE IN EUROPE, BUT THREE-FOURTHS OF ITS 7,877,598 SQUARE MILES OF TERRITORY LIE IN ASIA).

THE PROTEST FROM THE INDONESIANS, REGARDED AS AMONG THE SO-CALLED NEUTRALIST IN WORLD AFFAIRS, CAME AS A SURPRISE. THERE HAD BEEN NO SIGN OF OBJECTION EVEN FROM SUCH PRO-WESTERN DELEGATIONS AS THE JAPANESE AND THE TURKS.

A SEVEN-MAN SOVIET DELEGATION IS IN ATTENDANCE. IT IS HEADED BY M.V. NESTEROV, PRESIDENT OF THE U.S.S.R. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

BURHAN DAJANI,(SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE CONFERENCE, TOLD THE ASSOCIATED PRESS "IT IS COMPLETELY OUT OF THE QUESTION TO EXPEL ANY DELEGATION AT THIS STAGE."

THE RUSSIANS TOOK PART IN THE ASIAN-AFRICAN SOLIDARITY CONFERENCE IN CAIRO LAST DECEMBER AND WERE APPOINTED TO THE PERMANENT SECRETARIAT OF THAT CONFERENCE.

SOEBEHAN SAID HIS DELEGATION IS REMAINING HERE BUT "HAD DECIDED NOT TO ASSOCIATE ITSELF WITH THOSE WHO FEEL THAT NON-ASIAN-AFRICAN COUNTRIES SHOULD BE PRESENT AS FULL MEMBERS."

THE STATEMENT DECLARED HIS DELEGATION FEELS THE DEFINITION OF ASIAN-AFRICAN COUNTRIES AS LAID DOWN BY THE BANDUNG CONFERENCE OF 1955 SHOULD BE APPLIED HERE. RUSSIANS ATTENDED THAT CONFERENCE ONLY AS OBSERVERS.

THE PRESENCE IN THIS CONFERENCE OF NON-ASIAN-AFRICAN COUNTRIES IS NOT IN LINE WITH THE ASPIRATIONS OF THE GANDUNG CONFERENCE," THE STATEMENT SAID. "(AND) MAY INFLUENCE THE ESSENCE OF ITS SPIRIT AND THEREFORE CREATE PSYCHOLOGICAL AND POLITICAL EFFECTS AND PREJUDICE, INSIDE AS WELL AS OUTSIDE THIS REGION."

ALMOST 500 DELEGATES WERE ON HAND FOR THE FOUR-DAY CONFERENCE. THEY REPRESENT CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE RATHER THAN GOVERNMENTS.

COMMUNIST GROUPS ARE HERE FROM THE SOVIET UNIN, RED CHINA, NORTH KOREA, NORTH VIET NAM AND OUTER MONGOLIA.

PRO-WESTERNERS ARE REPRESENTED FROM JAPAN, SOUTH VIET NAM, TURKEY, PAKISTAN, LIBERIA, ETHIOPIA AND MALAYA.

PRESIDING OVER THE CONFERENCE IS MOHAMED RUSHDY, PRESIDENT OF THE FEDERATION OF EGYPTIAN CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE.

PRESIDENT NASSER OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC HOPES FOR THE FORMATION DURING THE MEETING OF A PERMANENT ECONOMIC ORGANIZATION WITH HEAD-QUARTERS IN CAIRO.

U.A.R. ECONOMY MINISTER ABDEL MONEIM KAISSUNY TOLD THE DELEGATES:

"IN THIS CONFERENCE WE HAVE TAKEN UPON OURSELVES TO PROVE TO THE WORLD THAT WE ARE ABLE TO ORGANIZE OUR AFFAIRS BY OURSELVES TO IMPROVE OUR STANDARD OF LIVING."

RQ643PES

1958

A65

(240)

BY WILTON WYNN

CAIRO, DEC. 8 (AP)-U.A.R. ECONOMY MINISTER ABDEL MONEIM KAISSUNY TODAY CALLED ON THE 39-NATION ASIAN-AFRICAN ECONOMIC CONFERENCE TO MEET THE CHALLENGE OF THE EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET AND OTHER FOREIGN ECONOMIC BLOCS.

OPENING THE CONFERENCE ON BEHALF OF PRESIDENT NASSER, KAISSUNY DID NOT MENTION THE SIX-NATION WEST EUROPEAN GROUP BY NAME. BUT HIS IMPLICATION WAS CLEAR WHEN HE SAID ASIAN-AFRICAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION IS THE "PRINCIPAL MEANS FOR CONFRONTING THE RESULTS OF ECONOMIC GROUPINGS AND BLOCS WHICH ARE BEING FORMED OR ARE UNDER WAY OUTSIDE OUR TWO CONTINENTS."

ASIA AND AFRICA, HE CONTINUED, HAVE TWO-THIRDS OF THE WORLD'S POPULATION, THREE-FIFTHS OF THE WORLD'A AREA, AND GREAT AGRICULTURAL, MINERAL, ANIMAL AND WATER WEALTH.

"YET THE MAJORITY OF THE PEOPLES OF ASIA AND AFRICA SUFFER FROM A LOW STANDARD OF LIVING," HE SAID. "WE MUST THEREFORE COOPERATE TO UTILIZE OUR GREAT WEALTH....

"IN THIS CONFERENCE WE HAVE TAKEN UPON OURSELVES TO PROVE TO THE WORLD WE ARE ABLE TO ORGANIZE OUR AFFAIRS BY OURSELVES TO IMPROVE OUR STANDARD OF LIVING."

A TOTAL OF 459 DELEGATES WERE ON HAND FOR THE CONFERENCE, INCLUDING REPRESENTATIVES FROM THE 13 ARAB STATES, FIVE COMMUNIST COUNTRIES, AND SIX PRO-WESTERN STATES. THE COMMUNIST GROUPS ARE FROM THE SOVIET UNION, RED CHINA, NORTH KOREA, NORTH VIET NAM AND MONGOLIA. THE PRO-WESTERNERS ARE FROM JAPAN, TURKEY, PAKISTAN, LIBERIA, ETHIOPIA AND MALAYA.

THE DELEGATES OFFICIALLY REPRESENT THE CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE OF THEIR COUNTRIES, NOT THEIR GOVERNMENTS. DURING THE FOUR-DAY SESSION THE U.A.R. HOPES TO ORGANIZE A PERMANENT ECONOMIC ORGANIZATION WITH HEADQUARTERS IN CAIRO.

THE CONFERENCE ELECTED MOHAMED RUSHDY, AN EGYPTIAN, ITS PRESIDENT. RUSHDY IS PRESIDENT OF THE FEDERATION OF EGYPTIAN CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE.

MM1008AES

1958

A44

DAMASCUS, SYRIA, DEC. 8 (AP)-IRAQI PREMIER ABDEL KARIM KASSEM TODAY ANNOUNCED THE DISCOVERY OF A FOREIGN-BACKED PLOT AGAINST HIS GOVERNMENT, BAGHDAD RADIO REPORTED.

THE BROADCAST QUOTED KASSEM AS SAYING THE PLOTTERS "WERE COMMITTED TO TRIAL BEFORE A PEOPLE'S COURT FOR HIGH TREASON."

THE STATE-RUN RADIO FOLLOWED THE ANNOUNCEMENT WITH A WARNING AGAINST "IMPERIALISM AND ITS AGENTS."

KASSEM LED THE REVOLT THAT DESTROYED THE MONARCHY IN IRAQ LAST JULY 14.

KASSEM SAID THE CONSPIRACY WAS SCHEDULED FOR TOMORROW AND WEDNESDAY. THE BROADCAST REPORTED. IT ADDED THAT "DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE, MONEY AND QUANTITIES OF ARMS WERE PREPARED FOR THE PLOT."

A LATER BROADCAST CONTAINED A WARNING AGAINST IMPERIALISM FROM THE GENERAL FEDERATION OF IRAQI STUDENTS.

IT URGED IRAQIS TO "MOBILIZE ALL THEIR FORCES TO COOPERATE WITH THE ARMY AND GOVERNMENT FOR THE SACRED DEFENSE OF THE REPUBLIC AGAINST THE UGLIEST CRIME DESIGNED BY IMPERIALISM AND ITS AGENTS FOR THE RESTORATION OF A REACTIONARY REGIME OF TREASON IN THE COUNTRY."

JS512PES

1958

A88

(200)

ACCRA, GHANA, DEC.8 (AP)-PREMIER KWAME NKRUMAH TODAY CALLED ON THE COLONIAL POWERS TO START MAKING ARRANGEMENTS IMMEDIATELY TO HAND OVER THE REINS OF GOVERNMENT TO NATIONALIST LEADERS IN THEIR AFRICAN TERRITORIES.

HE ALSO CALLED ON AFRICAN NATIONALIST LEADERS IN COLONIAL TERRITORIES TO MAKE THEIR STRUGGLES FOR FREEDOM NONVIOLENT.

NKRUMAH OPENED A ONE-WEEK CONFERENCE OF AFRICAN POLITICAL AND TRADE UNION LEADERS TO CONSIDER WAYS OF HELPING DEPENDENT TERRITORIES IN AFRICA ACHIEVE FREEDOM.

ABOUT 300 DELEGATES FROM ALL OVER THE AFRICAN CONTINENT ASSEMBLED FOR THE CONFERENCE, REGARDED AS THE BEGINNING OF A JOINT CAMPAIGN BY NINE INDEPENDENT AFRICAN STATES TO GET EUROPEAN POWERS OFF THEIR CONTINENT AND SET A PATTERN FOR A UNION OF THE INDEPENDENT STATES.

OBSERVERS FROM THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND THE SOVIET UNION ARE ATTENDING BUT NO PARTICIPATING.

IN HIS ADDRESS NKRUMAH SAID "LET US START IMMEDIATELY TO THINK OF ONE CONTINENT UNDER ONE UNION," AND LISTED BENEFITS OF A UNION OF INDEPENDENT STATES.

LAST MONTH GHANA AND THE NEW AFRICAN REPUBLIC OF GUINEA, WHICH VOTED INDEPENDENCE FROM FRANCE IN OCTOBER, DECIDED TO JOIN IN A UNITED REPUBLIC. NKRUMAH AND PREMIER SEKOU TOURE OF GUINEA SAID THEY WOULD WELCOME OTHER WEST AFRICAN STATES INTO THEIR UNION.

"WE HAVE PRIDE IN OUR DETERMINATION TO SUPPORT EVERY FORM OF NON-VIOLENT ACTION WHICH OUR FELLOW AFRICANS IN COLONIAL TERRITORIES MAY FIND FIT TO USE IN THE STRUGGLE FOR THEIR LEGITIMATE RIGHTS AND ASPIRATIONS.

"WE MAKE APOLOGY TO NO ONE AND WE WILL NOT ALLOW OURSELVES TO BE DEFLECTED FROM THIS JUST CAUSE, A CAUSE WHOLLY IN CONSONANCE WITH THE PRINCIPLES ENUNCIATED IN THE CHARTER OF THE UNITED NATIONS."

HE SAID THE CONFERENCE OPENS A NEW ERA IN AFRICAN HISTORY AND SUGGESTED THE DRAFTING OF NEW STRATEGY AND TACTICS FOR GAINING "OUR HOPED FOR ASPIRATIONS AND OBJECTIVES"--FREEDOM AND INDEPENDENCE OF AFRICA.

TO THE DELEGATES FROM COLONIAL STATES NKRUMAH ADVISED: "IN YOUR STRUGGLE FOR INDEPENDENCE ALWAYS AIM FIRST AT A POLITICAL KINGDOM. ONLY WITH THE ACQUISITION OF POLITICAL POWER--REAL POWER THROUGH THE ATTAINMENT OF SOVEREIGN INDEPENDENCE--WILL YOU BE IN A POSITION TO RESHAPE YOUR LIVES AND DESTINY."

LOOKING INTO THE FUTURE, THE GHANA PREMIER SAID "THERE IS A BURNING DESIRE AMONG ALL PEOPLES OF AFRICA TO ESTABLSHA COMMUNITY OF THEIR OWN TO GIVE POLITICAL EXPRESSION IN SOME FORM OR ANOTHER TO THE AFRICANPERSONALITY.

. . . WE HOPE THAT THIS COMING TOGETHER WILL EVOLVE EVENTUALLY INTO A UNION OF AFRICAN STATES JUST AS THE ORIGINAL 13 AMERICAN COLONIES HAVE NOW DEVELOPED INTO 49 STATES CONSTITUTING THE AMERICAN COMMUNITY."

MJ/K932AES

30.24- 5483

A103
(130)
MOSCOW, DEC. 8 (AP)-FOR THE THIRD DAY IN A ROW, A LEADING SOVIET NEWSPAPER TODAY CAUTIONED IRAN AGAINST FOREIGN ENTANGLEMENTS--WITH THE WEST.

TRUD LAMENTED WHAT IT CALLED IRAN'S PLIGHT UNDER "DOMINATION BY FOREIGN MONPOLIES." THE TONE OF THE ARTICLE WAS SOFTER THAN EARLIER ATTACKS IZVESTIA AND PRAVDA, DENOUNCING IRAN FOR PREPARING TO SIGN A MILITARY PACT WITH THE UNITED STATES.

TRUD, ORGAN OF SOVIET TRADE UNIONS, SAID MOST IRANIAN MINISTRIES HAD AMERICAN ADVIERS, "ALLOWING THEM TO CONTROL AND INFLUENCE THE COUNTRY'S DEVELOPMENT."

DATA GATHERED FROM THE IRANIAN PRESS, TRUD SAID, SHOWED ALMOST 1,100 FOREIGN BUSINESS FIRMS IN IRAN, MOST OF THEM BRITISH AND AMERICAN.

"THEIR AIM," THE SOVIET NEWSPAPER SAID, "IS TO DRAIN AS MUCH IRANIAN NATIONAL WEALTH AS POSSIBLE AND MAKE IRAN AN OBEDIENT TOOL OF THE POLICY OF IMPERIALIST WESTERN CIRCLES."

K935AES

A96
TAIPEI, DEC. 8 (AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS STUCK TODAY TO THE STRANGE PATTERN OF WARFARE UNDER WHICH THEY SHELL THE OFFSHORE ISLANDS ONLY ON ODD-NUMBERED DAYS.

THEIR GUNS WERE SILENT FOR THE 19TH CONSECUTIVE EVEN-NUMBERED DAY.

THE ISLANDS WERE THE TARGETS YESTERDAY FOR 1,435 SHELLS. THE NATIONALISTS REPLIED, BUT DID NOT DISCLOSE TO WHAT EXTENT.

MJ904AES

A63
(120)
SEOUL, DEC. 8 (AP)-SOUTH KOREA TODAY ACCUSED THE NORTH KOREAN COMMUNISTS OF KIDNAPING 42 FISHERMEN AND THEIR SEVEN BOATS OFF THE EAST COAST OF KOREA.

THE NORTH KOREAN RADIO SAID THE FISHERMEN HAD ENTERED NORTH KOREA'S TERRITORIAL WATERS SATURDAY AND WERE BEING "ACCORDED HUMANITARIAN TREATMENT."

THE COMMUNISTS HAVE GRABBED SEVERAL SOUTH KOREAN FISHING BOATS IN RECENT MONTHS.

VICE ADM. CHUNG KEUNG MO, THE SOUTH KOREAN NAVAL CHIEF, ANNOUNCED NAVAL PATROLS IN THE AREA ARE BEING REINFORCED. HE SAID THE FISHERMEN WERE "IN DEFINITELY INTERNATIONAL WATERS."

"STRONG COUNTERMEASURES WILL BE TAKEN AFTER INVESTIGATIONS ARE COMPLETED," HE ADDED.

THE SOUTH KOREAN GOVERNMENT ASKED THE U.N. COMMAND TO LODGE A PROTEST THROUGH THE MILITARY ARMISTICE COMMISSION AND TO SEEK EARLY RETURN OF THE FISHERMEN AND THEIR BOATS. A MEETING OF THE COMMISSION WAS CALLED FOR THURSDAY.

JM707AES

A111
TOKYO, DEC. 8 (AP)-COMMUNIST CHINA AND NORTH KOREA SIGNED A JOINT STATEMENT IN PEIPING TODAY CONDEMNING THE UNITED STATES FOR "CONTINUING TO OBSTRUCT THE PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF KOREA QUESTION AND ENGINEERING THE PLOT OF CREATING TWO CHINAS."

PEIPING RADIO REPORTED THE STATEMENT WAS SIGNED BY RED CHINESE PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI AND NORTH KOREAN PREMIER KIM IL SUNG, WHO IS IN CHINA AT THE INVITATION OF THE RED CHINA GOVERNMENT.

THE 2,400-WORD STATEMENT SAID THE TWO PARTIES RESOLUTELY DEMANDED THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER COUNTRIES PARTICIPATING IN THE UNITED NATIONS COMMAND WITHDRAW ALL THEIR ARMED FORCES FROM KOREA.

THEY CONDEMNED THE UNITED STATES FOR "ENCROACHING ON CHINA'S TERRITORY TAIWAN (FORMOSA) AND DEMANDED THE UNITED STATES WITHDRAW ALL ITS ARMED FORCES FROM FORMOSA, THE PESCADORES AND THE FORMOSA STRAIT AREA.

THE STATEMENT SAID FOREIGN TROOPS SHOULD BE WITHDRAWN FROM SOUTH KOREA SO THAT PEACEFUL UNIFICATION OF THE PENINSULA CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED WITHOUT OUTSIDE INTERFERENCE.

IT ALSO EXPRESSED SUPPORT FOR THE RECENT RUSSIAN PROPOSAL TO MAKE WEST BERLIN A DEMILITARIZED FREE CITY. CHOU AND KIM STATED IN THE STATEMENT THAT THEY WILL WORK FOR REALIZATION OF THE RUSSIAN PROPOSAL.

RK1102AES

A76WX
(470)
NIGHT LEAD HUMPHREY
BY JOHN SCALI

WASHINGTON, DEC. 8 (AP)-SEN. HUBERT HUMPHREY BRIEFED EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION LEADERS TODAY ON HIS PRIVATE KREMLIN TALKS.

THE SUBJECTS INCLUDED SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S CONFIDENTIAL MESSAGES ON GERMANY AND ATOMIC ENERGY.

THE MINNESOTA DEMOCRAT GAVE A 1 HOUR 50 MINUTE REPORT AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT. HIS AUDIENCE WAS MADE UP OF OFFICIALS LED BY ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN HERTER, ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSIONER JOHN MCCONE AND CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE CHIEF ALLEN DULLES.

HUMPHREY IS TO GIVE PRESIDENT EISENHOWER A SIMILAR DETAILED ACCOUNT TOMORROW AT THE WHITE HOUSE, REVIEWING THE UNPRECEDENTED EIGHT-HOUR TALK HE HAD WITH KHRUSHCHEV LAST TUESDAY.

HUMPHREY'S BRIEFING BACKED UP A LENGTHY SECRET MEMO HE RELAYED TO THE WHITE HOUSE VIA THE AMERICAN EMBASSY IN MOSCOW IMMEDIATELY AFTER HE ENDED HIS WIDE-RANGING DISCUSSIONS WITH KHRUSHCHEV.

ONE OFFICIAL WHO HEARD HIM REPORT TODAY SAID HIS ACCOUNT WAS FASCINATING. HUMPHREY'S IMPRESSIONS OF KHRUSHCHEV WERE PARTICULARLY INTERESTING, THIS OFFICIAL SAID, BUT THE SENATOR'S INFORMATION WAS NOTPARTICULARLY STARTLING.

AT A WELL ATTENDED NEWS CONFERENCE AN HOUR EARLIER, HUMPHREY DISCLOSED THAT THE TWO MESSAGES HE BROUGHT BACK DEALT WITH ATOMIC ENERGY AND SOME SUGGESTIONS BY KHRUSHCHEV ON HOW TO SETTLE EAST-WEST DIFFERENCES ON GERMANY. HE MADE THESE MAIN POINTS:

BERLIN--THIS EAST-WEST DISPUTE IS "VERY SERIOUS AND DEEP." IT DEMANDS THE CLOSEST ALLIED UNITY, INCLUDING A SPECIAL ATLANTIC PACT FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING TO CHECK THE SOVIET CHALLENGE.

THE COLD WAR--"I DON'T THINK WE'RE GOING TO MAKE ANY PROGRESS POLITICALLY WITH THE SOVIETS FOR A LONG TIME. NO GREAT POLITICAL DECISIONS ARE IN THE OFFING."

HOT WAR--RUSSIA DOESN'T WANT ONE FOR AT LEAST THE NEXT SEVEN YEARS. IT WOULD RUIN PROSPECTS FOR ACHIEVING DEVELOPMENT GOALS SET UNDER MOSCOW'S NEW SEVEN-YEAR INDUSTRIALIZATION PLAN.

ATOMIC TESTS--HE IS QUITE OPTIMISTIC ABOUT THE POSSIBILITIES OF NEGOTIATING AN EAST-WEST AGREEMENT TO END NUCLEAR TESTS WITH MOSCOW APPROVING ARRANGEMENTS FOR AN EFFECTIVE INSPECTION SYSTEM INCLUDING POSTS BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN.

EAST-WEST CONTACTS--A BIG INCREASE IS DESIRABLE IN AMERICAN-SOVIET SWAPS OF VISITS BY SCHOLARS, SCIENTISTS, STUDENTS, DOCTORS AND OTHER PROFESSIONAL MEN. THE UNITED STATES SHOULD AGREE EVEN IF FEWER AMERICANS THAN SOVIETS ARE INCLUDED IN THESE EXCHANGES, BECAUSE EVENTUALLY IT WILL IMPROVE THE POLITICAL ENVIRONMENT FOR SETTLEMENT OF PROBLEMS.

KHRUSCHEV--HE'S A TOUGH, WILY, WELL INFORMED ADMINISTRATOR. HE SHOWED AN AMAZING KNOWLEDGE OF AMERICAN PROBLEMS AND "WE MUST LEARN TO LIVE WITH HIM."

EAST-WEST TRADE--RUSSIA WANTS TEMPORARY CREDITS FROM THE UNITED STATES TO FINANCE A BIG INCREASE IN SOVIET-AMERICAN TRADE. HUMPHREY DID NOT ENDORSE THE SOVIET BID BUT SAID IT REQUIRED CAREFUL SCRUTINY.

HUMPHREY REPORTED HE WON KHRUSHCHEV'S ENTHUSIASTIC APPROVAL TO HIS PROPOSAL FOR SOVIET COOPERATION IN STEPPING UP EAST-WEST RESEARCH IN MEDICINE, PARTICULARLY IN TREATING VICTIMS OF ATOMIC RADIATION.

IN DISCUSSING GERMANY, HUMPHREY MADE CLEAR HE WAS NOT PARTICULARLY IMPRESSED WITH KHRUSHCHEV'S GERMAN SUGGESTIONS. A REPORTER SAID HE DEDUCED THIS WAS HUMPHREY'S REACTION AND THE SENATOR SHOT BACK: "YOU'RE A GOOD DEDUCER."

EH724PES

B26WX

(TOP HUMPHREY) (Q)

(270) FIRST LEAD HUMPHREY

WASHINGTON, DEC. 8 (AP)-SEN. HUBERT HUMPHREY (D-MINN) SAID TODAY THAT ONE OF THE THINGS SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TOLD HIM INVOLVED SOME SUGGESTIONS ABOUT THE GERMAN PROBLEM.

HUMPHREY DECLINED TO PROVIDE ANY DETAILS ABOUT KHRUSHCHEV'S IDEAS GIVEN DURING THEIR EIGHT-HOUR MEETING AT THE KREMLIN. THE SENATOR INDICATED THIS INFORMATION WOULD BE CONVEYED TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AT THE WHITE HOUSE TOMORROW.

HUMPHREY, WHO ARRIVED BACK TODAY FROM RUSSIA, TOLD A JAMMED NEWS CONFERENCE THE SOVIET LEADER ALSO PASSED ON TO HIM INFORMATION ABOUT SOVIET PROGRESS IN THE ATOMIC ENERGY FIELD. HE WAS EXPECTED TO TELL STATE DEPARTMENT AND ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION OFFICIALS ABOUT THIS LATER TODAY.

HUMPHREY SAID, HOWEVER, HE DID NOT LEARN IN MOSCOW WHETHER THE RUSSIANS HAVE AN OPERATIONAL ATOMIC-POWERED AIRPLANE, AS REPORTED RECENTLY IN A MAGAZINE. HE ADDED THAT HIS OPINION WAS THEY DID NOT.

HUMPHREY INDICATED THAT KHRUSHCHEV'S SUGGESTIONS ABOUT GERMANY WERE NOT PARTICULARLY PROMISING. IN ANSWER TO A QUESTION HE SAID:

"I DON'T THINK WE'RE GOING TO MAKE ANY PROGRESS POLITICALLY WITH SOVIETS FOR A LONG TIME. NO GREAT POLITICAL DECISIONS ARE IN THE OFFING."

HUMPHREY SAID HE BELIEVED THERE IS A REASONABLY GOOD CHANCE FOR AGREEMENT ON AN ATOMIC TEST BAN WITH THE RUSSIANS FOR TWO REASONS:

1. THE SOVIETS HAVE BEEN TALKING ABOUT STOPPING NUCLEAR TESTS FOR SO LONG THAT THEY CAN'T BACK AWAY FROM THE IDEA AT AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE.

2. THE RUSSIANS LAST JULY IN A SIGNIFICANT SWITCH OF POSITION AGREED TO SOME FORM OF INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION TO BACK UP A TEST BAN.

EARLIER, HUMPHREY TOLD REPORTERS WHO MET HIM AT THE AIRPORT THAT HE DOES NOT BELIEVE HIS MESSAGE FROM KHRUSHCHEV TO EISENHOWER "BODES ANY ILL" FOR THE UNITED STATES.

"I DON'T THINK WE HAVE ANYTHING TO FEAR FROM THE SOVIET UNION IF WE REMAIN STRONG AND STAND FIRM IN THE CRISES THEY DEVELOP SUCH AS THE ONE IN WEST BERLIN," HUMPHREY TOLD NEWSMEN AT NATIONAL AIRPORT.

HE SAID HE CONSIDERS THE AMERICAN POLICY IN WEST BERLIN NOW TO BE A FIRM ONE AND THAT HE FULLY SUPPORTS IT.

HUMPHREY, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID HE HAD "LONG AND EXTENDED NOTES" ON HIS EIGHT-HOUR MEETING AT THE KREMLIN WITH KHRUSHCHEV AND OTHER RUSSIAN LEADERS.

HE DECLINED TO GO INTO ANY DETAILS BUT SAID:

"I THINK PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV WANTS PEACE AT THIS TIME. FOR HIS SEVEN YEAR PLAN HE NEEDS PEACE.

"I HOPE THAT WE IN THE FREE WORLD CAN USE THOSE SEVEN YEARS TO TRY TO TAKE OUR MESSAGE TO THE SATELLITES AND TO RUSSIA ITSELF."

HUMPHREY SAID HE WOULD TALK TO SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER LYNDON B. JOHNSON OF TEXAS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE ABOUT HIS TRIP. HE WILL EXPLORE WITH JOHNSON POSSIBLE LEGISLATIVE MEASURES THAT HIS EXPERIENCES IN RUSSIA SUGGESTED, THE MINNESOTAN ADDED.

HUMPHREY SAID HE BELIEVED STRONGLY IN BI-PARTISANSHIP IN FOREIGN POLICY "BUT IT MUST BE CAREFULLY WORKED OUT."

"I WANT TO COOPERATE WITH THE ADMINISTRATION IN EVERY WAY I CAN," HE SAID.

HUMPHREY WILL HOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE AND SEE UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT LATE TODAY. HIS ORIGINAL APPOINTMENT WAS WITH SECRETARY OF STATE DULLES, WHO IS HOSPITALIZED WITH A COLON INFECTION.

ARRIVING EARLIER TODAY IN NEW YORK, HUMPHREY SAID HE BELIEVES THE WESTERN POWERS WILL NOT BE OUSTED FROM BERLIN IF A "UNITED POLICY IS MAINTAINED AND WE DON'T LOSE OUR TEMPERS."

HUMPHREY DECLARED THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE UNITED STATES, GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE AND WEST GERMANY SHOULD MEET "AS SOON AS POSSIBLE TO ARRIVE AT A COMPLETELY UNIFIED AND COORDINATED POLICY ON BERLIN.

"WE CANNOT AFFORD TO LEAVE A SINGLE LOOSE THREAD."

THERE SHOULD BE, HE ADDED "A LITTLE LESS VITRIOLIC THOUGHT AND A LITTLE MORE OF UNITY OF POSITION."

HUMPHYREY DESCRIBED KHRUSHCHEV AS "FIRM, DETERMINED AND VERY HEAVILY COMMITTED TO HIS POSITION," AND "ANYTHING BUT CONCILIATORY" CONCERNING THE BERLIN SITUATION."

"I STILL FEEL THERE IS SOME FLEXIBILITY," HE ADDED. "BUT I SAY 'FLEXIBILITY' IN SMALL PRINT."

HUMPHREYIMMEDIATELY LEFT FOR WASHINGTON WHERE HE WILL TALK WITH STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS AND PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

HE SAID HE WOULD TELL THE PRESIDENT OF "TWO IMPORTANT ITEMS RELATING TO SECURITY" WHICH HE SAID KHRUSHCHEV REVEALED TO HIM. HE DID NOT ELABORATE.

IN LONDON YESTERDAY HUMPHREY SAID THAT HE WAS BRINGING A PERSONAL MESSAGE FROM KHRUSHCHEV TO THE PRESIDENT BUT MADE NO COMMENT TODAY ON THAT POINT.

HE SAID ALSO HE THOUGHT THE SOVIET PRESSURE ON BERLIN WAS DESIGNED TO DISRUPT AND WEAKEN THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION, AND ADDED IT IS "ALL TIED UP WITH THE OVER-ALL SOVIET POLICY TO TRY TO PROBE THE ALLIES TO SEE IF THERE IS ANY DISUNITY OR WEAKNESS."

THE U.S. FORCES IN BERLIN SHOULD BE KEPT THERE AS A SYMBOL TO WEST GERMANS THAT "WE ARE NOT READY TO LEAVE THEM," HE CONTINUED. "WE SHOULD NOT INDULGE OURSELVES IN MILITARY PHRASEOLOGY. THAT IS SUPERFLUOUS, AND IT DOESN'T FRIGHTEN ANYONE."

HUMPHREY SAID KHRUSHCHEV INDICATED "SOME WILLINGNESS FOR A MEANINGFUL AGREEMENT ON NUCLEAR TEST SUSPENSION WITH EFFECTIVE INSPECTION CONTROLS."

MM1049AES

A100WX

(270) MISSILE SAFETY

WASHINGTON, DEC. 8 (AP)-THE ARMY RECEIVED PRAISE FOR ITS SAFETY EFFORTS TODAY FROM A CIVILIAN COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO STUDY MISSILE HANDLING AS AN AFTERMATH OF A FATAL EXPLOSION AT A NIKE BASE.

THE GROUP WAS HEADED BY PRESIDENT CLIFFORD F. HOOD OF THE U.S. STEEL CORP. IT SAID THE ARMY HAD TAKEN ALL PRACTICAL PRECAUTIONS TO PROVIDE SAFE OPERATION OF THE ANTI-AIRCRAFT MISSILES THAT ARE GUARDING KEY U.S. CITIES AND DEFENSE CENTERS.

THE COMMITTEE WAS APPOINTED AFTER THE MAY 22 EXPLOSION AT MIDDLETOWN, N. J., WHICH TOOK 10 LIVES.

AN ARMY BOARD SAID THE PROBABLE CAUSE OF THAT ACCIDENT, WHICH OCCURRED WHILE AN ORDNANCE TEAM WAS INSTALLING MODIFICATION KITS ON NIKE AJAX WEAPONS. WAS THE "RUPTURING OF A DETONATING CAP." LT. GEN.

ARTHUR TRUDEAU, CHIEF OF ARMY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT, SAID LATER THE ACCIDENT COULD HAVE RESULTED FROM HUMAN CARELESSNESS.

THE CIVILIAN COMMITTEE REACHED ITS CONCLUSIONS AFTER VISITING TWO NIKE SITES, CONFERRING AT THE PENTAGON AND VISITING THE ARMED FORCES SPECIAL WEAPONS PROJECT AT ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., AND THE ARMY AIR DEFENSE COMMAND AT COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

ITS REPORT COMPLIMENTED THE ARMY FOR THE "VERY THOROUGH AND INTELLIGENT APPROACH" WHICH IT SAID HAS BEEN MADE TO THE HANDLING OF ATOMIC WARHEADS FOR THE NIKE HERCULES. THESE WILL EVENTUALLY REPLACE THE SHORTER RANGED AND LESS LETHAL AJAX MISSILES.

THE COMMITTEE SAID IT HAD FOUND THE ARMY'S "BUILT-IN SAFETY FEATURES, QUALIFIED OPERATIONS PERSONNEL, SAFE METHODS AND PROCEDURES, COMMAND SUPERVISION AND PERIODIC SAFETY INSPECTIONS ALL CONTRIBUTE TO GOOD SAFETY PERFORMANCE."

JC859PES

A134WX

(160) ATOMIC CARRIER

WASHINGTON, DEC. 8 (AP)-HOPE THAT CONGRESS WILL GRANT THE MONEY FOR A SECOND ATOMIC POWERED AIRCRAFT CARRIER WAS EXPRESSED TONIGHT BY ADM. ARLEIGH A. BURKE.

BURKE, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, SAID IN A RECORDED RADIO INTERVIEW (CBS CAPITOL CLOAKROOM) THAT THE NAVY WILL PRESS STRONGLY FOR THE MONEY "BECAUSE THAT CARRIER IS NEEDED."

THE NATION'S--PROBABLY THE WORLD'S--FIRST NUCLEAR POWERED CARRIER IS BEING BUILT AT NEWPORT NEWS, VA. ITS COST HAS BEEN PUT AT 400 MILLION DOLLARS; IT IS SCHEDULED FOR DELIVERY IN 1961.

LAST SPRING THE NAVY RELUCTANTLY DECIDED AGAINST PRESSING THEN FOR AUTHORIZATION OF A FLEET OF ATOMIC CARRIERS.

ON THE SUBJECT OF POLARIS MISSILES, 1,500-MILE WEAPONS ADAPTED ESPECIALLY FOR SUBMARINES, BURKE SAID THE NAVY ANTICIPATES IT WILL MEET ITS SCHEDULES.

"WE'RE ON SCHEDULE--AHEAD OF SCHEDULE IN MANY OF ITS COMPONENTS," THE ADMIRAL SAID.

THE FIRST POLARIS SUBMARINE IS TO BE LAUNCHED NEXT SPRING AND COMMISSIONED SOME MONTHS LATER.

JC1050PES NM

B39WX Q

BY CHARLES HASLET

(320) ASSOCIATED PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE

WASHINGTON, DEC. 8 (AP)-REP. ED EDMONDSON (D-OKLA) SAID TODAY HE BELIEVES THERE IS "ABOUT AS MUCH CHANCE OF THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE THROWING OUT THEIR SYSTEM OF COMMUNISM AS THERE IS OF OKLAHOMANS FIRING BUD WILKINSON." WILKINSON IS THE UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA HEAD FOOTBALL COACH.

EDMONDSON, WHO TALKED WITH RUSSIANS IN CAFES AND ON THE STREETS DURING A 10-DAY VISIT, SAID THEY BELIEVE COMMUNISM IS THE BEST SYSTEM FOR THEIR COUNTRY. BUT HE ADDED THAT SINCE MANY HAVE NOT BEEN OUTSIDE THE SOVIET UNION, THEY HAVE NO BASIS FOR COMPARISON.

"I TALKED WITH A LOT OF RUSSIANS AND FOUND THEM FRIENDLY AND RESPECTFUL TOWARD AMERICANS AND CURIOUS ABOUT OUR LIFE AND ATTITUDES," EDMONDSON SAID.

"SOME SAID THEY UNDERSTOOD THE RULING CLASSES OF AMERICA WANT WAR BUT THE PEOPLE OF RUSSIA WANT PEACEFUL CO-EXISTENCE."

THE OKLAHOMAN SAID THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE IMPRESSED HIM AS COMPETENT AND DETERMINED TO OUTDO AMERICANS IN AS MANY FIELDS AS POSSIBLE. HE SIZED UP THIS AS "NOT PARTICULARLY A HOSTILE FEELING," BUT ONE OF NATIONALISM.

EDMONDSON EXPRESSED THE OPINION THAT A "HOT WAR" POSSIBLY COULD RESULT IF THE UNITED STATES GOT INTO A WEAK MILITARY POSITION. HE SAID THIS IS NO TIME FOR CUTTING BACK DEFENSES.

EDMONDSON WAS IN RUSSIA FROM NOV. 26, TO DEC. 6. HE VISITED MOSCOW, STALINGRAD AND LENINGRAD.

THE CONGRESSMAN SPENT TWO DAYS IN STALINGRAD INSPECTING A HUGE ONE BILLION DOLLAR HYDRO-ELECTRIC DAM WHICH, WHEN COMPLETED IN 1960, IS SCHEDULED TO BE THE LARGEST IN EASTERN EUROPE. IT IS EXPECTED TO HAVE A 2,300,000 (M) KILOWATT CAPACITY.

HE WAS TOLD A LARGER POWER DAM WAS BEING BUILT ON THE ANGARA RIVER IN SIBERIA, DESIGNED TO PRODUCE OVER THREE MILLION KILOWATTS. THIS COMPARES WITH NEARLY TWO MILLION KILOWATTS AT GRAND COULEE--THIS NATION'S LARGEST.

EDMONDSON WAS DENIED PERMISSION TO VISIT THE LARGEST RUSSIAN HYDRO-ELECTRIC PROJECT NOW IN OPERATION AT KUIBYSHEV. THIS HAS AN ESTIMATED CAPACITY OF 2,100,000 KILOWATTS.

EDMONDSON PLANS TO WRITE THE STATE AND DEFENSE DEPARTMENTS AND HOUSE PUBLIC WORKS COMMITTEE ABOUT HIS VISIT.

EG631PES

B111KX (Q)

(120) WITH B39WX

HOUSTON, TEX., DEC. 8 (AP)-REP. WALTER H. JUDD (R-MINN) SAID TONIGHT THE UNITED STATES HAS OVERWHELMING SUPERIORITY OVER THE RUSSIANS IN ONLY TWO FIELDS--ITS NUMBER OF ALLIES AND ITS ADVANCE BASES RIMMING THE COMMUNIST BLOCK.

"THE COLD WAR IS ABOUT ALLIES AND IT IS ONLY BECAUSE OF THEM THAT WE HAVE OUR MATCHLESS ACE OF OVERSEAS BASES," JUDD TOLD MEMBERS OF THE KNIFE AND FORK CLUB AT A DINNER MEETING.

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES' STRONGEST ALLIES ARE THE 900 MILLION BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN. "WE MUST NOT DO ANYTHING TO DESTROY THEIR AND WEAKEN THEIR WILL TO RESIST FROM WITHIN," HE SAID.

"WE CAN NEVER RELAX UNTIL THE COMMUNIST WORLD CONSPIRACY FADES OR CHANGES," JUDD SAID. "IT WILL FADE WHEN IT DOES NOT HAVE ANY MORE VICTORIES TO FEED ON. IT WILL CHANGE WHEN PRESSURES WITHIN COMPEL IT TO MODIFY ITS POLICIES."

VR1218ACS

B81WX Q

AEC (110)

WASHINGTON, DEC. 8 (AP)-THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AGREED TODAY TO NEGOTIATE CONTRACTS FOR BACKING FURTHER STUDIES OF THREE NEW CONCEPTS FOR NUCLEAR REACTORS.

EACH STUDY IS ESTIMATED TO COST THE AEC ABOUT $150,000. THE THREE SELECTED WERE AMONG 20 CONSIDERED IN THE COMMISSION'S SEMI-ANNUAL REVIEW OF UNSOLICITED PROPOSALS FROM INDUSTRY FOR STUDIES OF NEW REACTOR CONCEPTS.

THE THREE SELECTED WERE FROM:

AMERICAN RADIATOR & STANDARD SANITARY CORP., FOR A STUDY OF A MERCURY-COOLED, FAST BREEDER REACTOR;

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., FOR A STUDY OF A MODIFIED SODIUM GRAPHITE REACTOR WITH MODULES CONTAINING FUEL AND COOLANT;

AND BABCOCK & WILCOX CO., FOR A STUDY OF A GAS SUSPENSION COOLANT REACTOR.

EG1126PES

A99WX

(200) ADVANCE FOR 11 P.M. EST TONIGHT

(ADVANCE) PASADENA, CALIF., DEC. 8 (AP)-THE ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF CALLED TONIGHT FOR DEFINITE ASSURANCES THAT SPECIFIC NUMBERS OF AIR AND SEA LIFTS WILL BE AVAILABLE IF NEEDED IN AN EMERGENCY.

GEN. MAXWELL D. TAYLOR SAID THAT AT PRESENT "THE ARMY HAS NO INDICATIONS OF THE LIFT WHICH WOULD MOVE ITS SPEARHEAD FORCES IN AN EMERGENCY."

EMERGENC..
IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR THE INSTITUTE OF WORLD AFFAIRS, TAYLOR SAID IT WOULD NOT BE NECESSARY TO EARMARK CERTAIN SHIPS AND PLANES TO STAND IDLY BY PENDING EMERGENCY USE BY THE ARMY.

"THAT MAKES NO SENSE TO ME," HE SAID. HE ADDED, HOWEVER THAT "IT WOULD MAKE A GREAT DEAL OF SENSE IF THE ARMY KNEW IN ADVANCE THAT IN AN EMERGENCY A GIVEN AMOUNT OF LIFT WOULD BE AVAILABLE AT DESIGNATED AIRFIELDS AND PORTS."

TAYLOR SAID THAT AS RUSSIA BUILDS UP ITS NUCLEAR POWER THE SOVIETS MAY "UNDERTAKE TO KICK US HARDER AND HIGHER ON THE SHINS." HE SAID THE UNITED STATES MAY THUS "BE REQUIRED TO RESPOND TO INCREASED LEVELS OF PROVOCATION IN AN ATMOSPHERE OF INCREASED INTERNATIONAL TENSION."

THE ARMY CHIEF URGED THE NATION TO "OVERCOME ANY IMPRESSION THAT WE ARE A COUNTRY WHICH CAN RESPOND WITH A BIG BOMB AND LITTLE ELSE."

END ADVANCE FOR 11 P.M. EST TONIGHT

JC850PES

A114KX

(100)

POINT MUGU, CALIF., DEC. 8 (AP)-FIRING OF A REGULUS II GUIDED MISSILE TOMORROW WILL TEST THE SYSTEM TO BE USED ON THE WORLD'S FIRST NUCLEAR POWERED MISSILE SUBMARINE.

THE NAVY SAID TODAY THE 57-FOOT MISSILE WILL BE FIRED FROM A SURFACE VESSEL FOR THE FIRST TIME. PURPOSE IS TO TEST THE LAUNCHING SYSTEM ALREADY INSTALLED ON THE USS HALIBUT, THE NUCLEAR SUBMARINE TO BE LAUNCHED NEXT MONTH.

THE USS KINGS COUNTY, WHICH LANDED TANKS DURING THE INVASION OF OKINAWA IN WORLD WAR II, WILL LAUNCH THE REGULUS II OFF THE COAST OF THE PACIFIC MISSILE RANGE HERE.

A REGULUS II WAS FIRED LAST SEPTEMBER FROM THE USS GREYBACK, A CONVENTIONAL SUBMARINE.

FJ843PCS

B89MP (Q)

(200)

ST. PAUL, MINN., DEC. 8 (AP)-A CLOSED HEARING ON THE 11-YEAR BATTLE BETWEEN WILLIAM HEIKKILA AND THE U.S. IMMIGRATION SERVICE OPENED HERE TODAY.

HEIKKILA, ADMITTED FORMER MINNESOTA COMMUNIST, WAS WHISKED OFF TO HELSINKI, FINLAND, LAST APRIL BY IMMIGRATION AGENTS, BUT WAS RETURNED WHEN A COURT ORDER CULMINATED A FURORE THAT AROSE FROM THE INCIDENT.

MONROE KROLL, SAN FRANCISCO IMMIGRATION OFFICER, PRESIDED OVER THE HEARING, SHIFTED HERE ON THE REQUEST OF HEIKKILA'S ATTORNEY, LLOYD MCMURRAY.

MCMURRAY SAID HE WANTED A HEARING HERE BECAUSE HE HAD TWO WITNESSES LIVING IN MINNESOTA WHO COULD COUNTERACT TESTIMONY WHICH CONTRIBUTED TO HEIKKILA'S DEPORTATION. HE DECLINED TO IDENTIFY THE WITNESSES.

THE HEARING WAS BEING HELD TO DETERMINE WHETHER HEIKKILA SHOULD BE READMITTED TO THE UNITED STATES FROM FINLAND. HE IS CURRENTLY IN SAN FRANDISCO UNDER BOND.

HEIKKILA CHARGED HE WAS "KIDNAPED" BY THE IMMIGRATION AGENTS AND PUT ABOARD THE PLANE FOR FINLAND. THE GOVERNMENT SAID AT FIRST HE WAS DEPORTED BECAUSE NO COURT ACTION WAS PENDING IN HIS CASE, BUT LATER SAID THE IMMIGRATION SERVICE ERRED IN JUDGMENT.

THE GOVERNMENT ORIGINALLY CHARGED HEIKKILA ATTENDED THE LENIN INSTITUTE IN RUSSIA IN 1930, USING A PASSPORT ISSUED IN THE NAME OF ONE JOHN ANDERSON.

A FORMER MINNESOTA IRON RANGE LABOR ORGANIZER, HEIKKILA IS THE SON OF NATURALIZED AMERICAN PARENTS BUT WAS BORN IN FINLAND.

RM1103PCS NM

B73DT (Q)

NRHT LEAD NUCLEAR (300)

DETROIT, DEC. 8 (AP)-DR. NORMAN HILBERRY SAID TODAY SOVIET RUSSIA IS IN THE SAME BOAT AS THE UNITED STATES WHEN IT COMES TO DEVELOPING NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS

THE SCIENTIST EXPLAINED THAT BOTH COUNTRIES HAVE RICH RESERVES OF COAL AND OIL AND ARE NOT UNDER ECONOMIC PRESSURE TO FIND SUBSTITUZSS.

"A PIPE COMES UP FROM TEXAS AND SQUIRS OIL RIGHT INTO YOUR FURNACE," HE SAID.

HILSBERRY, who is director ~~WGI US DURECVTOR~~ OF ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY AT LEMONT, ILL., MADE HIS REMARKS AT A NEWS CONFERENCE BEFORE JOINING PANEL TALKS ON ATOMIC ENERGY DEVELOPMENTS AT THE AMERICAN NUCLEAR SOCIETY'S MEETING HERE.

EUROPEAN POWER MORE THAN THE UNITED STATES, HILBERRY SAID, ADDING, "THEY'RE GOING AFTER POWER. WE ARE GOING AFTER INFORMATION."

EACH COUNTRY, HE SAID, HAS TO TAILOR ITS NUCLEAR POWER PROGRAM TO ITS OWN NEEDS.

DR. STEPHEN LAWROSKI OF THE ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY SAID HE WAS IMPRESSED BY RUSSIA'S WILLINGNESS TO DISCUSS, FOR THE FIRST TIME, ITS ACTIVITIES IN THE REPROCESSING OF NUCLEAR FUELS. HE SAID THIS WAS ONE OF THE SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AT THE GENEVA CONFERENCE ON THE PEACEFUL USES OF ATOMIC ENERGY.

"FOR THE FIRST TIME WE HEARD REPORTS OF THE WORK BEING DONE IN RUSSIA," LAWROSKI SAID. HE ADDED THAT RUSSIA DID NOT, HOWEVER, DISPLAY EQUIPMENT AT THE TECHNICAL EXHIBIT ALTHOUGH THE WESTERN POWERS DID.

"ANOTHER POINT OF CONTRAST BETWEEN THE ATTITUDES OF RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES," HE REPORTED, "WAS THAT AMERICAN SCIENTISTS TALKED ABOUT PROCESSES, EQUIPMENT, AND WASTE HANDLING ON A FULL-SCALE BASIS; RUSSIA CONFINED ITS PRESENTATIONS TO THE PILOT-PLANT LEVEL."

LAWROSKI SAID THE GENEVA TALKS BROUGHT OUT THAT VIRTUALLY EVERYONE USES THE SAME PROCESSES. BUT HE SAID, "THE FUEL REPROCESSING PROGRAM OF THE UNITED STATES IS MUCH BROADER, AND UTILIZES MORE DIFFERENT APPROACHES, THAN ANY OTHER DESCRIBED AT GENEVA."

MU1022PES NM

A124DT

(200)

DETROIT, DEC. 8 (AP)-LT. GEN. ARTHUR G. TRUDEAU TOLD THE DETROIT ECONOMIC CLUB TODAY THAT THE TIME FROM WANTING TO GETTING NEW MISSILE WEAPONS STILL IS DANGEROUSLY LONG IN THE FACE OF A THREAT OF GLOBAL COMMUNISM.

THE GENERAL IS HEAD OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FOR THE ARMY.

HE EMPHASIZED THE PROBLEM OF LEAD TIME--A FAMILIAR TERM IN THIS AUTO PRODUCTION CENTER. HE DEFINED IT AS THE TIME FROM THE INITIATION OF APPLIED RESEARCH TO THE TIME THE END ITEM INCORPORATING THT RESEARCH IS AVAILABLE IN QUANTITY.

HE SAID THIS LEAD TIME, GENERALLY, FOR WEAPONS IS 8 1/2 TO 9 YEARS. £BUT HE CITED WORK BY CHRYSLER ENGINEERS IN MODIFYING THE REDSTONE AND JUPITER MISSILES IN WHAT HE CALLED A RECORD MINIMUM TIME OF THREE YEARS.

MUCH OF THE TIME PROBLEM, HE CONCEDED, LIES IN GOVERNMENT BUDGET AND ADMINISTRATIVE AND FISCAL PROCECURES. BUT HE ADDED:

"WE CERTAINLY CANNOT BUY TIME WITH MONEY WHEN EXPENDITURES LAG REQUIREMENTS BY A PERIOD MEASURED IN YEARS, PARTICULARLY IN A WARTIME SITUATION.

THE GENERAL SAID THAT AN IMPROVEMENT IN MANAGEMENT AND FUNDING PROCEDURES IN BOTH GOVERNMENT AND INDUSTRY IS ESSENTIAL.

"PREVIOUSLY ACCEPTED STANDARDS FOR LEAD TIME CAN NO LONGER BE VALID IF OUR NATION IS TO SURVIVE. THIS IS THE REAL CHALLENGE TO MANAGEMENT," HE DECLARED. "WE MUST REALIZE IN THIS AGE OF SPACE THAT TIME IS OF THE ESSENCE AND THAT COURAGE, NOT COMPLACENCY WILL BE THE KEY TO OUR SURVIVAL."

PB10 1110AES NM

B44DT (SEG) (PG FW)
(110)
DETROIT, DEC. 8 (AP)-SCIENTISTS WERE TOLD TODAY OF THE WORLD'S FIRST FILLING STATION FOR NUCLEAR REACTORS.
DR. LEE L. DAVENPORT, PRESIDENT OF THE SYLVANIA-CORNING NUCLEAR CORP., BAYSIDE, N.Y., DESCRIBED THE STATION TO RESEARCHERS ATTENDING AN AMERICAN NUCLEAR SOCIETY CONVENTION.
HE SAID HIS FIRM HAS DEVELOPED THE WORLD'S FIRST STANDARD FUEL ELEMENTS FOR REACTORS.
"FOR THE FIRST TIME," HE SAID, "IT WILL BE POSSIBLE FOR FINISHED FUEL ELEMENTS TO BE PRODUCED FOR INVENTORY AND ORDERED 'OFF THE SHELF,' RESULTING IN FASTER DELIVERY, BETTER SERVICE AND LOWER PRICES TO REACTOR BUILDERS AND OPERATORS."
MORE THAN 1,000 ENGINEERS, SCIENTISTS AND EDUCATORS ARE ATTENDING THE CONVENTION WHICH ENDS WEDNESDAY. SOME 180 TECHNICAL PAPERS ON VARIOUS PHASES OF NUCLEAR DEVELOPMENT WILL BE PRESENTED AT THE MEETING.
GH855AES NM

B57CD
GLENNAN (170)
CLEVELAND, DEC. 8 (AP)-AN APPEAL FOR GREATER PRIVATE FINANCIAL SUPPORT OF THIS COUNTRY'S COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES WAS ISSUED TODAY BY DR. T. KEITH GLENNAN, HEAD OF THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE AGENCY.
IN URGING SUPPORT, GLENNAN SAID THIS COUNTRY FINDS ITSELF "IN COMPETITION WITH A NATION DETERMINED TO EXPAND ITS INFLUENCE OVER INCREASINGLY LARGE AREAS OF THE WORLD."
GLENNAN, ON LEAVE AS PRESIDENT OF CASE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY HERE, SAID IN HIS ANNUAL REPORT ON THE SCHOOL'S OPERATIONS RUSSIAN EDUCATION IS "NOT INHERENTLY SUPERIOR TO THAT OF THE UNITED STATES" AND "IF ONLY WE COULD MAKE AMERICANS AS EXCITED ABOUT THEIR EDUCATION AS ARE THE RUSSIANS. . . WE WOULD HAVE GONE A LONG WAY TOWARDS SOLVING SOME OF THE MOST URGENT PROBLEMS OF AMERICAN HIGHER EDUCATION."
HE SAID RUSSIA "BELIEVES IN EDUCATION--OFFICIALS AND CITIZENRY ALIKE--AND IS WILLING TO PAY FOR IT EVEN THOUGH THE LUXURIES AND PERHAPS SOME OF THE NECESSITIES OF LIFE, AS WE KNOW THEM, MUST BE FOREGONE."
APPEALING FOR GIFTS FROM INDIVIDUALS AND PRIVATE INDUSTRY TO INDEPENDENT COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, GLENNAN SAID MORE PEOPLE "MUST PROVIDE LARGER SUMS OF MONEY EACH YEAR TO ENABLE OUR EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS TO DISCHARGE THE BASIC AND INCREASING RESPONSIBILITIES PLACED UPON THEM BY THE NATION AND ITS CITIZENS."
T/JPM/JS835PES NM

B75CO (Q)
NIGHT LEAD CHEMICAL ENGINEERS (470)
CINCINNATI, DEC. 8 (AP)-A FORMER GOVERNMENT ATOM EXPERT WHO WENT INTO PRIVATE BUSINESS SCOFFS AT THE IDEA OF NUCLEAR-POWERED AIRPLANES.
DR. W. K. DAVIS OF SAN FRANCISCO SAID TODAY HE FIGURES ATOM POWER IS OUT OF THE QUESTION--ECONOMICALLY-FOR CARGO OR PASSENGER AIRCRAFT.
AND HE SAID THE CHANCES ARE REPORTS OF A RUSSIAN PLANE WITH NUCLEAR POWER REFER TO AN EXPERIMENTAL DEVICE THAT HAS TO USE CONVENTIONAL POWER TOO.
DR. DAVIS WAS INTERVIEWED WHILE ATTENDING THE ANNUAL CONGRESS OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERS.
THE MAGAZINE AVIATION WEEK REPORTED LAST WEEK THAT RUSSIA HAS AN ATOM POWER PLANE AND THE U. S. IS WORKING ON A SIMILAR PROJECT AT ARCO, IDAHO, AND AT GENERAL ELECTRIC'S EVENDALE PLANT HERE.
DR. DAVIS SAID, "IF RUSSIA HAS SUCH A PLANE, MY GUESS IS THAT ITIS A FLYING TEST BED.
"THAT IS, THEY ARE PROBABLY USING A CONVENTIONAL HEAVY BOMBER OR SOME OTHER LARGE MILITARY PLANE WITH A NUCLEAR POWERED TEST ENGINE.
"I DOUBT THAT THIS ENGINE IS CAPABLE OF TAKING THE PLANE OFF THE GROUND OR SUSTAINING IT IN FLIGHT."
DR. DAVIS HEADED THE NUCLEAR REACTOR PROGRAM FOR THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION UNTIL LAST JUNE. HE IS NOW VICE PRESIDENT OF BECHTEL CORP.
HE SAID HE FORESSES ONLY TWO MAJOR USES FOR ATOM POWER IN THIS COUNTRY; IN CENTRAL POWER STATIONS AND FOR FUTURE SHIPS, INCLUDING THE ALREADY PROVED SUBMARINE USE.
AND HE SAID ATOM POWER MAY BE NEEDED FOR SPACE TRAVEL, BUT IS IMPRACTICAL BY PRESENT YARDSTICKS FOR AUTO, BUS, TRUCK OR TRAIN, OR FOR HEATING HOMES.
SOME OF HIS COLLEAGUES HERE DID NOT WHOLLY AGREE.
DR. DAVID MILLER, NUCLEAR REACTOR DESIGNER, ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORIES, LEMONT, ILL., SAID:
"I BELIEVE A NUCLEAR POWERED AIRPLANE IS POSSIBLE AND THAT WE COULD HAVE ONE THAT COULD FLY IN PERHAPS TWO YEARS.
"BUT I BELIEVE THE BASIC CONCEPT IS UNREASONABLE. SUCH AN AIRPLANE WOULD HAVE TO BE BIG, COMPARATIBELY SLOW--MUCH SLOWER THAN AN ANTI-AIRCRAFT MISSLE--AND EXTREMELY EXPENSIVE.
"AFTER OPERATING FOR SHORT PERIODS, THE ACCUMULATED RADIOACTIVITY WOULD BE MUCH MORE THAN A POUND OF RADIUM--SUFFICIENT TO CONTAMINATE A LARGE CITY IF DISTRIBUTED IN A CRASH."
WILLIAM H. CARR, CHEMICAL ENGINEER AT OAK RIDGE, TENN., NATIONAL LABORATORIES, SAID:
"DR. MILLER IS CORRECT IN MOST OF HIS STATEMENTS, BUT HE GIVES WHAT TOME IS A SOMEWHAT MISLEADING PICTURE.
"AT THE PRESENT STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT, NUCLEAR POWERED AIRCRAFT ARE PROBABLY NOT PRACTICAL FROM AN ECONOMIC STANDPOINT.
"NEVERTHELESS, I FEEL THAT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT SHOULD CONTINUE ON A RELATIVELY LARGE SCALE--BUT NOT A CRASH PROGRAM--FROM TWO STANDPOINTS.
"FIRST, NO ONE CAN PERDICT WHAT CHANGES IN FEASIBILITY WILL BE BROUGHT ABOUT BY FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS.
"SECOND, AS WAS THE CASE WITH THE NUCLEAR POWERED SUBMARINE, MANY OF THE DEVELOPMENTS AIMED AT NUCLEAR-POWERED AIRCRAFT WOULD ALSO HAVE APPLICATION IN NUMEROUS OTHER FIELDS."
F1039PES

A129
BULLETIN
NEW YORK, DEC. 8 (AP)-MARK ZBOROWSKI, CONVICTED OF PERJURY FOR DENYING THAT HE KNEW CONFESSED SOVIET SPY JACK SOBLE, WAS SENTENCED TODAY TO A MAXIMUM FIVE-YEAR PRISON TERM.
ZBOROWSKI, A RUSSIAN BORN ANTHROPOLOGIST SHOWED NO EMOTION AS FEDERAL JUDGE JOHN M. CASHIN IMPOSED SENTENCE.
ZBOROWSKI'S ATTORNEY, FREDERICK NATHAN, HAD PLEADED IN VAIN FOR A MINIMUM TERM. NATHAN CHARGED THAT THE PROSECUTION WAS GUILTY OF "EXTREMELY PREJUDICIAL REMARKS."
A JURY OF 10 MEN AND TWO WOMEN CONVICTED ZBOROWSKI LAST NOV. 20 AFTER THREE HOURS' DELIBERATION.
ZBOROWSKI, 51, IS A FORMER RESEARCH ASSISTANT AT HARVARD UNIVERSITY. HE ADMITTED HE WAS A SOVIET AGENT ABROAD 25 YEARS AGO. HE CAME TO THIS COUNTRY IN 1941 AND WAS NATURALIZED SIX YEARS LATER.
ZBOROWSKY TOLD A GRAND JURY HE NEVER KNEW SOBLE, NOW SERVING A FEDERAL PRISON TERM. LATER, ZBOROWSKI ADMITTED HE KNEW SOBLE BUT SAID SOBLE WAS USING AN ALIAS AT THE TIME.
SOBLE, 55, WAS BROUGHT HERE FROM PRISON AND TESTIFIED HE MADE 40 OR 50 CONTACTS WITH ZBOROWSKI. SOBLE DESCRIBED ZBOROWSKI AS A HENCHMAN IN A SOVIET ESPIONAGE RING IN THIS COUNTRY.

IN ADDITION TO THE MAXIMUM PRISON TERM, ZBOROWSKI COULD HAVE BEEN FINED $2,500. THERE IS NO SET MINIMUM TERM FOR THE OFFENSE. NO FINE WAS IMPOSED.

ZBOROWSKI, ARRESTED BY FBI AGENTS AT HIS HOME AT 18 ALTON PLACE IN BROOKLINE, MASS., LAST APRIL 21, TOLD THE COURT HE HAD NOTHING TO SAY BEFORE SENTENCING.

JUDGE CASHIN TOLD HIM:

"LET ME MAKE IT AS CLEAR TO YOU AS I CAN: ANY SENTENCE I AM GOING TO IMPOSE ON YOU IS FOR PERJURY AND NOTHING ELSE. I MADE THAT CLEAR TO THE JURY--THAT YOU WERE NOT BEING CHARGED (TRIED) FOR ESPIONAGE.

"IT IS THIS COURT'S OPINION THAT YOU HAD A FAIR TRIAL, AND IT SEEMS TO ME THAT YOU COULDN'T HELP CONTRAST IN YOUR OWN MIND THE KIND OF TRIAL YOU RECEIVED IN A COURT OF JUSTICE WITH THE KIND OF TRIAL YOU WOULD GET IN SOME OTHER COUNTRIES.

"THE JURY SAID YOU LIED, AND FOR THAT YOU MUST PAY THE PENALTY FOR YOUR PERJURY..."

ZBOROWSKI'S ATTORNEY ASKED THAT THE PRISONER BE RELEASED IN BAIL PENDING APPEAL AND THE AMOUNT WAS SET AT $10,000. ZBOROWSKI, UNABLE TO POST BAIL IMMEDIATELY, WAS REMANDED TO JAIL.

RS1218PES

B53

(230)

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 PM EST TODAY

(ADVANCE) NEW YORK, DEC. 8 (AP)-RUSSIA HAS ALREADY LAUNCHED WORLD WAR III ON THE WORLD TRADE FRONT, A U.S. INDUSTRIALIST SAID TODAY.

JOHN J. POWERS JR., PRESIDENT OF PFIZER INTERNATIONAL, TOLD THE PHARMACEUTICAL MFRS. ASSN:

"THE ENEMY HAS DEVISED NEW TECHNIQUES AND IS LAUNCHING A MAJOR ECONOMIC OFFENSIVE ON A WORLDWIDE BASIS, WHILE WE ARE STILL IN THE PERILOUS POSITION OF PREPARING ONLY FOR A SHOOTING WAR THAT MAY NEVER COME."

POWER'S PREPARED SPEECH CALLED FOR A DRASTIC REVISION OF U.S. ECONOMIC POLICY AFFECTING AMERICAN COMPANIES ENGAGED IN OVERSEAS TRADE.

"RECENT RUSSIAN INTERNATIONAL TRADE DISRUPTIONS IN ALUMINUM, TIN AND OTHER COMMODITIES ARE AS SUCH A SIGN OF WAR AS THE SHOOTING IN QUEMOY AND THE POLITICAL MANEUVERING IN BERLIN AND THE MIDDLE EAST," HE DECLARED.

"THE SOVIET BLOC CLEARLY DEMONSTRATED THAT IT WILL DUMP, THAT IT WILL SELL UNDER COST FOR POLITICAL PURPOSES, THAT IT WILL USE INFLATION AS A POLITICAL WEAPON, AND THAT IT WILL EXTEND LONG-TERM, LOW-INTEREST LOANS, THAT IT WILL EVEN BUILD ENTIRE INDUSTRIES IN COUNTRIES WHICH ARE ITS TARGETS--EMPLOYING TECHNIQUES WITH WHICH PRIVATE INDUSTRY CANNOT POSSIBLY COMPETE."

POWER SAID THE UNDERDEVELOPED, NEUTRALIST COUNTRIES ARE THE "REAL BATTLEGROUND." RUSSIA AND RED CHINA ARE TRYING TO WIN THESE COUNTRIES OVER BY TYING THEIR ASPIRATIONS FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH TO SOVIET CAPITAL GOODS AND TECHNOLOGY, HE SAID, WHILE PRIVATE INDUSTRY'S EFFORT IN THESE AREAS IS LIMITED BY STOCKHOLDER INTERESTS.

"IN SHORT," HE ASSERTED, "RUSSIA AND CHINA ARE MAKING INTERNATIONAL TRADE AN OFFENSIVE WEAPON OF THEIR FOREIGN POLICY. AMERICAN PRIVATE INDUSTRY, WHICH IS EXPECTED TO MEET THIS ONSLAUGHT, IS BEING GIVEN TOTALLY INADEQUATE ASSISTANCE BY OUR GOVERNMENT."

END ADVANCE FOR 6:30 PM EST

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AMS BUDGET (500)

NIGHT LEAD U.N.-ALGERIAN

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., DEC. 8 (AP)-FRANCE WALKED OUT TODAY ON A U.N. DEBATE ON FRENCH-RULED ALGERIA. DIPLOMATS SAID EIGHT AFRICAN COUNTRIES WERE WORKING ON A RESOLUTION TO HAVE THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY RECOGNIZE "THE RIGHT OF THE ALGERIAN PEOPLE TO INDEPENDENCE."

FIVE FRENCH DELEGATES LEFT THE ROOM WHEN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S POLITICAL COMMITTEE TOOK UP THE QUESTION OF WHAT TO DO ABOUT THE FOUR-YEAR-OLD ALGERIAN REBELLION.

FRANCE HAD ANNOUNCED THE BOYCOTT IN ADVANCE. SHE CONTENDS THAT ALGERIA IS HER DOMESTIC MATTER AND NOTES THAT THE U.N. IS FORBIDDEN BY ITS CHARTER FROM INTERVENING IN DOMESTIC MATTERS.

TUNISIAN DELEGATE MONGI SLIM, OPENING THE DEBATE, EXPRESSED "PROFOUND REGRET" THAT THE FRENCH HAD NOT STAYED TO PRESENT THEIR ARGUMENTS.

HE SAID THE COMMITTEE SHOULD RECOMMEND NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN FRANCE AND THE NEW ALGERIAN PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT, WHICH SPEAKS FOR THE REBELS. HE SAID THAT GOVERNMENT "REPRESENTS THE PEOPLE OF ALGERIA AND EXERCISES CONTROL THERE."

THREE MINISTERS OF THE NEW REGIME, FORMED IN CAIRO SEPT. 19, OCCUPIED DISTINGUISHED GUESTS' SEATS ON THE COMMITTEE FLOOR BY SPECIAL PERMISSION OF U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD. THEY WERE MOHAMMED LAMINE-DEBBAGHINE, FOREIGN AFFAIRS; AHMED FRANCIS, ECONOMY AND FINANCE, AND M'HAMMED YAZID, INFORMATION.

FRENCH PREMIER DE GAULLE DISCLOSED IN OCTOBER THAT HE HAD OFFERED TO BRING ALGERIAN LEADERS TO FRANCE TO NEGOTIATE FOR AN END TO HOSTILITIES. THEY REPLIED THAT THEY WOULD NEGOTIATE ONLY IN A NEUTRAL PLACE AND ON ALL ASPECTS OF A CEASE FIRE, POLITICAL AS WELL AS MILITARY.

SLIM, TUNISIA'S AMBASSADOR TO THE U.N. AND WASHINGTON, CRITICIZED DE GAULLE FOR ASKING THE ALGERIAN REBELS TO "RAISE THE WHITE FLAG OF PARLEYS," WHICH THEY SAID MEANT SURRENDER. HE TOLD THE 81-NATION COMMITTEE THE LOGICAL WAY TO END THE WAR WAS THROUGH POLITICAL NEGOTIATIONS.

SOME DIPLOMATS SAID THE RESOLUTION IN PREPARATION IN THE AFRICAN GROUP OF EIGHT U.N. DELEGATIONS WOULD CALL FOR NEGOTIATIONS.

THEY SAID THE ALGERIANS' BACKERS WOULD SEEK A LONG GENERAL DEBATE AND THEN PUT IN THE RESOLUTION AS THE SUBJECT FOR FURTHER DISCUSSION. THEY SAID FRANCE WAS LOBBYING FOR A SHORT DEBATE BY URGING FRIENDLY COUNTRIES NOT TO SPEAK.

FRENCH DELEGATE VALERY GISCARD D'ESTAING, A PARLIAMENTARY DEPUTY, JOINED TODAY IN THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE'S UNANIMOUS VOTE TO EXTEND INDEFINITELY THE LIFE OF THE 15-NATION U.N. SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE ON THE EFFECTS OF RADIATION.

WHEN CHAIRMAN MIGUEL RAFAEL URQUIA OF EL SALVADOR ANNOUNCED THE ALGERIAN QUESTION WAS NEXT, GISCARD D'ESTAING LED FOUR COLLEAGUES OUT OF THE ROOM. THE FRENCH DECLINED TO MAKE ANY PUBLIC STATEMENT. BUT SOME LATER LISTENED TO SLIM'S SPEECH PIPED INTO ANOTHER ROOM.

WHEN THE ASSEMBLY FIRST PUT ALGERIA ON ITS AGENDA IN SEPTEMBER 1955, FRANCE BOYCOTTED THE ENTIRE SESSION UNTIL THE ASSEMBLY VOTED IN DECEMBER TO DROP THE SUBJECT. IN THE TWO SUCCEEDING SESSIONS, SHE TOOK PART IN ALGERIAN DEBATES.

THE SECURITY COUNCIL MEETS TOMORROW MORNING TO CONSIDER U.N. MEMBERSHIP FOR GUINEA, A FRENCH COLONY WHICH VOTED ITSELF INDEPENDENT SEPT. 28.

FRANCE COULD VETO GUINEA'S MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION. BUT AFRICAN SOURCES SAID SHE HAD PROMISED SHE WOULD "NOT OPPOSE" IT AND SO THEY EXPECTED SHE WOULD ABSTAIN FROM A VOTE OF THE COUNCIL RECOMMENDING THAT THE ASSEMBLY ADMIT GUINEA TO THE U.N.

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(240)
NIGHT LEAD ARAB-ISRAELI
BY LAWRENCE MALKIN
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., DEC. 8 (AP)-ISRAEL TODAY ACCUSED PRESIDENT NASSER'S UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC OF AN ACT OF WAR AND URGED THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL TO DO SOMETHING "BEFORE THE CHAIN OF VIOLENCE IS RENEWED AND EXTENDED."

ISRAELI AMBASSADOR ABBA EBAN MADE THE CHARGE IN FORMALLY PRESENTING ISRAEL'S COMPLAINT OF A GRAVE ACT OF AGGRESSION AGAINST THE U.A.R. IN CONNECTION WITH LAST WEDNESDAY'S ARTILLERY DUEL AROUND THE LAKE HULEH RECLAMATION PROJECT. THE AREA AROUND THE GALILEE HILLS HAS BEEN THE SCENE OF BORDER CLASHES FOR YEARS.

EBAN, HOWEVER, INSISTED THIS WAS NO MINOR INCIDENT. HE SAID ONE SETTLER WAS KILLED AND THREE WERE WOUNDED IN AN 800-SHELL BARRAGE THAT CAUSED PROPERTY DAMAGE ESTIMATED AT ONE MILLION ISRAELI POUNDS ($650,000).

THE 11-NATION COUNCIL TOOK NO ACTION ON THE COMPLAINT, ALTHOUGH IT PLANS MORE MEETINGS LATER.

AMBASSADOR OMAR LOUTFI OF THE U.A.R. CHARGED ISRAEL WITH USING THE COUNCIL FOR PROPAGANDA. HE SAID HIS OWN COUNTRY "DOES NOT FEAR REPRISALS AND WE ARE PREPARED TO THROW BACK ANY OF THEM."

AS LOUTFI AND EBAN TANGLED IN THE COUNCIL, THE U.N. CIRCULATED A REPORT FROM ITS TRUCE OBSERVERS SAYING THE SYRIANS STARTED THE SMALL ARMS FIRE AND IT WAS RETURNED BY AN ISRAELI POLICE PATROL. THEN THE ISRAELIS OPENED UP WITH MORTAR AND ARTILLERY FIRE, THE OBSERVERS SAID, AND THE SYRIANS REPLIED WITH A BARRAGE ON FIVE VILLAGES, SETTING AT LEAST TWO OF THEM ON FIRE.

EBAN SAID THIS PROVED THE SYRIANS STARTED THE SHOOTING. LOUTFI SAID IT SHOWED THE ISRAELIS OPENED UP WITH THEIR BIG GUNS FIRST.

THE ISRAELI AMBASSADOR DID NOT ASK FOR ANY SPECIFIC ACTION FROM THE COUNCIL ASIDE FROM "MORAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL INFLUENCE TO PREVENT SUCH BOMBARDMENTS."

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END OF Dec. 8- Dec. 1958

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U.N.-ATOMIC
UNITED NATIONS,N.Y., DEC. 8 (AP)-THE U.S. POLITICAL COMMITTEE AGREED UNANIMOUSLY TODAY TO CONTINUE THE 15-NATION SCIENTIFIC GROUP STUDYING THE EFFECTS OF ATOMIC RADIATION.

THE STUDY GROUP WAS SET UP IN 1955. THE POLITICAL COMMITTEE COMMENDED IT FOR ITS WORK SO FAR AND URGED ALL GOVERNMENTS TO TAKE NOTE OF THE SUGGESTIONS MADE IN THE AGENCY'S INITIAL REPORT EARLIER THIS YEAR.

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